



SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE, 2025



SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC

Introduction

Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc's unaudited interim Financial Statements at as 30 June, 2025 complies with the applicable legal requirements of the Nigerian Securities and Exchange Commission regarding interim financial statements. These financial statements contain extract of the unaudited financial statements prepared in accordance with IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' its interpretation issued by the International Accounting Standards and adopted by the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria. Due to rounding, numbers presented throughout this document may not add up precisely to the totals provided and percentages may not precisely reflect the absolute figures.

We confirmed that SUNU Assurances Nigeria Plc has:

- a. adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by its directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria (FRC), International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and provisions of Rule 17.15(d) of the Listings Rules;
- b. made specific enquiry of all directors and hereby confirm that its directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Listings Rules and in the Company's code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors

In line with the provisions of Rule 2.2 of the Rules Governing Free Float Requirements, the shareholding pattern of the Company is disclosed at page 4 of the unaudited Financial Statements for the period ended 30 June, 2025.

We confirm that the Company's free float is in compliance with the Exchange's free float requirements for the Main Board on which the Company is listed

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC

CONTENTS	PAGES
Corporate information	3
Summary of significant accounting policies	4
Financial Statements:	
Statement of Financial Position	23
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	24 & 25
Statement of Changes in Equity - Group	26
Statement of Changes in Equity - Company	27
Statement of Cash Flows	28
Notes to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income and the Statement of Financial Position	29
Notes to Insurance Assets Disclosures :	
Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 Balance as at 1st January 2022 - Group	53
Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 Balance as at 1st January 2022 - Company	54
Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 (Statement of Financial Position as at 31 Dec, 2022) - Group	55
Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 (Statement of Financial Position as at 31 Dec, 2022) - Company	56

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr Kyari Bukar	-	Chairman
Mr Samuel Ogbodu	-	MD /CEO
Ms Taizir Ajala	-	Vice Chairman
Mr. Philippe Ayivor		
Mr. Mohammed Bah		
Mr Elie Ogounigni		
Mrs. Olajumoke Bakare		
Mrs. Abubakar Aisha		

COMPANY SECRETARY

Taiwo Kuku
Plot 1196, Bishop Oluwale street
Victoria Island, Lagos

REGISTERED OFFICE

Sunu Place
Plot 1196, Bishop Oluwale Street
Victoria Island, Lagos

RC No: - 65443

FRC Registration no: - FRC/2012/0000000000408

REGISTRARS AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Crescent Registrars Limited (formerly EDC Registrars Limited)
23 Olusoji Idowu Street
Ilupeju
Lagos

BANKERS

Access Bank Plc
Ecobank Nigeria Limited
First Bank of Nigeria Limited
First City Monument Bank
Fidelity Bank Plc
Guaranty Trust Bank Plc
Heritage Bank Plc
Polaris Bank Plc
Sterling Bank Plc
Union Bank of Nigeria Plc
United Bank for Africa Plc
Unity Bank Plc
Wema Bank Plc
Zenith Bank Plc

ACTUARIES

Logic Professional Services
4th floor, Oshopey Plaza
17/19 Allen Avenue
Ikeja, Lagos, Nigeria

EXTERNAL AUDITORS

SIAO Partners
18b Olu Holloway Road
Ikoyi,
Lagos, Nigeria.

RE-INSURERS

WAICA Reinsurance Corporation
African Reinsurance Corporation
Continental Reinsurance Plc
Nigerian Reinsurance Corporation

SOLICITORS

TEMPLARS
5th floor, The Octagon
13A AJ Marinho Drive
Victoria Island, Lagos

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025

1 REPORTING ENTITY

These financial statements are the consolidated financial statements of Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc, a Company incorporated in Nigeria and its subsidiaries, namely EA Capital Management Limited and Sunu Health Nigeria Limited (formerly Managed Health Care Services Limited) (hereafter referred to as 'the Group').

Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc formerly Equity Assurance Plc (the Company) emerged as a result of the merger between Equity Indemnity Insurance Limited and First Assurance Plc. In the scheme of the merger arrangement, First Assurance Plc acquired the net assets of Equity Indemnity Insurance Limited and subsequently changed its name to Equity Assurance Plc.

Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc (the Company) was incorporated in Nigeria as a private limited liability Company, on 13 December 1984 to carry out non-life insurance business and was converted to a Public Liability Company in 1985.

Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc (the Company) has two subsidiaries namely: EA Capital Management Limited (wholly owned) which was incorporated on 29 October 2008 and Sunu Health Nigeria Limited (formerly Managed Health Care Services Limited) (67.3% owned) which was incorporated on 11 December 1997.

The principal activities of Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc and its subsidiaries are mainly the provision of non-life insurance, health management, assets management and hospitality services.

The consolidated financial statements for the period ended June 30, 2025 were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 23 July, 2025

2 SHAREHOLDING PATTERN AS AT JUNE 30, 2025

S/N	HOLDERS TYPE	No of Shareholders	% holding	No of holdings	% holdings
1	Nigerian Shareholders	42,440	99.86	969,220,722	16.68
2	Foreign Shareholders	61	0.14	4,841,579,278	83.32
		42,501	100.00	5,810,800,000	100.00

SHAREHOLDER STRUCTURE AS AT JUNE 30, 2025

S/N	HOLDERS TYPE	No of Shareholders	% holding	No of holdings	% holdings
1	Individual	41,747	98.23	526,605,586	9.06
2	Corporate body	754	1.77	5,284,194,414	90.94
		42,501	100.00	5,810,800,000	100.00

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) GOING CONCERN

The directors assess the group's future performance and financial position on a going concern basis and have no reason to believe that the group will not be a going concern in the year ahead.

(b) STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH IFRS

These interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34.

(c) BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following:

- Non-derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.
- At fair value through Other Comprehensive Income and at fair value through profit or loss financial assets are measured at fair value.
- Investment property is measured at fair value.
- Insurance liabilities measured at present value of future cashflows.

(d) USE OF SIGNIFICANT ESTIMATES, ASSUMPTIONS AND MANAGEMENT JUDGEMENT

The presentation of the group's financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgement that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities at the reporting date and the reported amount of income and expenses during the year ended.

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025

The Group makes estimates and assumptions about the future that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and equity. Estimates and judgments are continually re-evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The effect of a change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively by including it in comprehensive income in the period of the change, if the change affects that period only; or in the period of the change and future periods, if the change affects both.

Information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements is included in Note 4 of the financial statements.

(e) FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Items included in the consolidated financial statement of each entity of the group are measured using the currency that best reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances relevant to that entity ("the functional currency"). These consolidated financial statements are presented in Nigerian Naira(N), which is the Company's functional currency. The financial information has been rounded to the nearest thousand, except as otherwise indicated.

(f) REGULATORY AUTHORITY AND FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Company and its subsidiaries are regulated by the National Insurance Commission of Nigeria (NAICOM) under the Nigeria Insurance Act.

Section 59 of the Financial Reporting Council Act, 2011 (FRC Act) provides that in matters of financial reporting, if there is any inconsistency between the FRC Act and other Acts which are listed in section 59(1) of the FRC Act, the FRC Act shall prevail. The Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria acting under the provision of the FRC Act has promulgated IFRS as the National financial reporting framework of Nigeria. Consequently, the provision of Section 20(1b) of the Insurance Act 2003 which conflicts with the provisions of IFRS have not been adopted.

(g) OFFSETTING

Financial assets and liabilities are set off and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group has a legal right to set off the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expenses are presented on a net basis only when permitted under IFRS, or for gains and losses arising from a group of similar transactions such as in the Group's trading activity.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Significant accounting policies are defined as those that are reflective of significant judgements and uncertainties and potentially give rise to different results under different assumptions and conditions.

4.1 CONSOLIDATION

(i) Subsidiaries

The financial statements of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date the Group acquires control, up to the date that such effective control ceases. For the purpose of these financial statements, subsidiaries are entities over which the Group, directly or indirectly, has power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from their activities.

Changes in the Group's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions (transactions with owners). Any difference between the amount by which the non- controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the Group.

Inter- company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Companies within the Group are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised losses are also eliminated in the same manner as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group. Investment in subsidiaries in the separate financial statements of the Company entity is measured at cost.

Acquisition - related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re- measured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

(ii) Disposal of subsidiaries

On loss of control, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently, that retained interest is accounted for as an equity, accounted investment or as an available - for - sale financial asset depending on the level of influence retained.

(iii) Special purpose entities

Special purpose entities that are created to accomplish a narrow and well- defined objective such as the securitisation of particular assets, or the execution of specific borrowings or lending transactions or the provision of certain benefits to employee.

The financial statements of special purpose entities are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements, where the substance of the relationship is that the Group controls the special purpose entity.

4.2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include notes and coins on hand and highly liquid financial assets with original maturities of less than three months, which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Group in the management of its short-term commitments. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at amortized cost in the statement of financial position.

4.3 FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

4.4.1 Recognition

The Group on the date of origination or purchase recognizes placements, equity securities and deposits at the fair value of consideration paid. Regular-way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the settlement date. All other financial assets and liabilities, including derivatives, are initially recognized on the trade date at which the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

4.4.2 Classification and Measurement

Initial measurement of a financial asset or liability is at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to its purchase or issuance. For instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs are recognized immediately in profit or loss. Financial assets include placement with banks, treasury bills and equity instruments.

Financial assets are classified into one of the following measurement categories:

1. Amortised cost
2. Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)
3. Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL) for trading related assets

The Group classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual cash flow characteristics.

4.4.3 Business Model Assessment

Business model assessment involves determining whether financial assets are managed in order to generate cash flows from collection of contractual cash flows, selling financial assets or both. The Group assesses business model at a portfolio level reflective of how groups of assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. For the assessment of business model the Group takes into consideration the following factors

1. The stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. In particular, whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest revenue, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of the liabilities that are funding those assets or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets
2. How the performance of assets in a portfolio is evaluated and reported to Group heads and other key decision makers within the Company's business lines;
3. The risks that affect the performance of assets held within a business model and how those risks are managed;
4. How compensation is determined for the Company's business lines' management that manages the assets;
5. The frequency and volume of sales in prior periods and expectations about future sales activity.

Management determines the classification of the financial instruments at initial recognition. The business model assessment falls under three categories:

(a) Business Model 1 (BM1): Financial assets held with the sole objective to collect contractual cash flows;

(b) Business Model 2 (BM2): Financial assets held with the objective of both collecting contractual cash flows and selling; and

(c) Business Model 3 (BM3): Financial assets held with neither of the objectives mentioned in BM1 or BM2 above. These are basically financial assets held with the sole objective to trade and to realize fair value changes.

The Group may decide to sell financial instruments held under the BM1 category with the objective to collect contractual cash flows without necessarily changing its business model if one or more of the following conditions are met:

- (i) Where these sales are infrequent even if significant in value. A Sale of financial assets is considered infrequent if the sale is one-off during the Financial Year and/or occurs at most once during the quarter or at most three (3) times within the Financial Year.

Management determines the classification of the financial instruments at initial recognition. The business model assessment falls under three categories:

(a) Business Model 1 (BM1): Financial assets held with the sole objective to collect contractual cash flows;

(b) Business Model 2 (BM2): Financial assets held with the objective of both collecting contractual cash flows and selling; and

(c) Business Model 3 (BM3): Financial assets held with neither of the objectives mentioned in BM1 or BM2 above. These are basically financial assets held with the sole objective to trade and to realize fair value changes.

The Group may decide to sell financial instruments held under the BM1 category with the objective to collect contractual cash flows without necessarily changing its business model if one or more of the following conditions are met:

(i) Where these sales are infrequent even if significant in value. A Sale of financial assets is considered infrequent if the sale is one-off during the Financial Year and/or occurs at most once during the quarter or at most three (3) times within the Financial Year.

The Group may decide to sell financial instruments held under the BM1 category with the objective to collect contractual cash flows without necessarily changing its business model if one or more of the following conditions are met:

(ii) Where these sales are insignificant in value both individually and in aggregate, even if frequent. A sale is considered insignificant if the portion of the financial assets sold is equal to or less than five (5) per cent of the carrying amount (book value) of the total assets within the business model.

(iii) When these sales are made close to the maturity of the financial assets and the proceeds from the sales approximates the collection of the remaining contractual cash flows. A sale is considered to be close to maturity if the financial assets have a tenor to maturity of not more than one (1) year and/or the remaining contractual cash flows expected from the financial asset do not exceed the cash flows from the sales by ten (10) per cent.

Other reasons: The following reasons outlined below may constitute 'Other Reasons' that may necessitate selling financial assets from the BM1 category that will not constitute a change in business model:

1. Selling the financial asset to realize cash to deal with unforeseen need for liquidity (infrequent).
2. Selling the financial asset to manage credit concentration risk (infrequent)
3. Selling the financial assets as a result of changes in tax laws (infrequent).
4. Other situations also depend upon the facts and circumstances which need to be judged by the management

4.4.4 Cash flow characteristics assessment

The contractual cash flow characteristics assessment involves assessing the contractual features of an instrument to determine if they give rise to cash flows that are consistent with a basic investment arrangement. Contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic deposit arrangement if they represent cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (SPPI).

Principal is defined as the fair value of the instrument at initial recognition. Principal may change over the life of the instruments due to repayments. Interest is defined as consideration for the time value of money and the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding and for other basic lending risks and costs (liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin.

a) Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest. After initial measurement, debt instruments in this category are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. Amortized cost is calculated taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, transaction costs and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Amortization is included in Interest income in the Consolidated Statement of Income. Impairment on financial assets measured at amortized cost is calculated using the expected credit loss approach.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are presented net of the allowance for credit losses (ACL) in the statement of financial position

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025

b) Financial assets measured at FVOCI

Financial assets are measured at FVOCI if they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent payments that are solely payments of principal and interest. Subsequent to initial recognition, unrealized gains and losses on debt instruments measured at FVOCI are recorded in other comprehensive Income (OCI).

c) Financial assets measured at FVTPL

Financial assets measured at FVTPL include assets held for trading purposes, assets held as part of a portfolio managed on a fair value basis and assets whose cash flows do not represent payments that are solely payments of principal and interest. Financial assets may also be designated at FVTPL if by so doing eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch which would otherwise arise. These instruments are measured at fair value in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, with transaction costs recognized immediately in the Consolidated Statement of Income.

d) Equity Instruments

Equity instruments are measured at FVTPL, unless an election is made to designate them at FVOCI upon purchase. For equity instruments measured at FVTPL, changes in fair value are recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Income. The Company can elect to classify non-trading equity instruments at FVOCI. This election will be used for certain equity investments for strategic or longer term investment purposes. The FVOCI election is made upon initial recognition, on an instrument-by-instrument basis and once made is irrevocable. Gains and losses on these instruments including when derecognized/sold are recorded in OCI and are not subsequently reclassified to the Consolidated Statement of Income. Dividends received are recorded in Interest income in the Consolidated Statement of Income. Any transaction costs incurred upon purchase of the security are added to the cost basis of the security and are not reclassified to the Consolidated Statement of Income on sale of the security.

Financial liabilities are classified into one of the following measurement categories:

- (a) Amortised cost
- (b) Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

e) Financial Liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities accounted for at fair value through profit or loss fall into two categories:

financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss on inception

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are financial liabilities held for trading. A financial liability is classified as held for trading if it is incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term or if it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of shortterm profit-taking. Derivatives are also categorized as held for trading unless they are designated and effective as hedging instruments. Financial liabilities held for trading also include obligations to deliver financial assets borrowed by a short seller. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of financial assets are included in the income statement and are reported as 'Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments classified as held for trading. Interest expenses on financial liabilities held for trading are included in 'Net interest income'.

Financial Liabilities are designated at FVTPL when either the designation eliminates or significantly reduce an accounting mismatch which would otherwise arise or the financial liability contains one or more embedded derivatives which significantly modify the cash flows otherwise required. For liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss, all changes in fair value are recognized in Non-interest income in the Consolidated Statement of Income, except for changes in fair value arising from changes in the Company's own credit risk which are recognized in OCI. Changes in fair value of liabilities due to changes in the Company's own credit risk, which are recognized in OCI, are not subsequently reclassified to the Consolidated Statement of Income upon derecognition/extinguishment of the liabilities

f) Financial Liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not classified at fair value through profit or loss fall into this category and are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are debt securities in issue for which the fair value option is not applied, convertible bonds and subordinated debts.

4.4.5 Reclassifications

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except in the period after the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets. A change in the Group's business model will occur only when the Group either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations such as:

- Significant internal restructuring or business combinations; for example an acquisition of a private asset management company that might necessitate transfer and sale of loans to willing buyers, this action will constitute changes in business model and subsequent reclassification of the Loan held from BM1 to BM2 Category
- Disposal of a business line i.e. Disposal of a business segment

Any other reason that might warrant a change in the Group's business model as determined by management based on facts and circumstances

The following are not considered to be changes in the business model:

- (a) A change in intention related to particular financial assets (even in circumstances of significant changes in market conditions)
- (b) A temporary disappearance of a particular market for financial assets.
- (c) A transfer of financial assets between parts of the Group with different business models.

When reclassification occurs, the Group reclassifies all affected financial assets in accordance with the new business model. Reclassification is applied prospectively from the 'reclassification date'. Reclassification date is 'the first day of the first reporting period following the change in business model. For example, if the Group decides to shut down the retail business segment on 31st December 2018, the reclassification date will be 1 January, 2019 (i.e. the first day of the entity's next reporting period), the Group shall not engage in activities consistent with its former business model after 31st December, 2018. Gains, losses or interest previously recognised are not be restated when reclassification occurs.

4.4.6 Impairment of Financial Assets

In line with IFRS 9, the Group assesses the under listed financial instruments for impairment using

Expected Credit Loss (ECL) approach:

- Amortized cost financial assets; and
- Debt securities classified as at FVOCI;

Equity instruments and financial assets measured at FVTPL are not subjected to impairment under the standard.

4.4.7 Write-off

The Group writes off an impaired financial asset (and the related impairment allowance), either partially or in full, when there is no realistic prospect of recovery. After a full evaluation of a non-performing exposure, in the event that either one or all of the following conditions apply, such exposure shall be recommended for write-off (either partially or in full):

- continued contact with the customer is impossible;
- recovery cost is expected to be higher than the outstanding debt;
- amount obtained from realisation of credit collateral security leaves a balance of the debt; or
- it is reasonably determined that no further recovery on the facility is possible.

4.4 REINSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS

Contracts entered into by the Group with reinsurers under which the Group is compensated for losses on one or more contracts issued by the Group and that meet the classification requirements for the insurance contracts in accounting policy in IFRS 4 are classified as reinsurance contracts held. Contract that do not meet these classification requirements are classified as financial assets. Insurance contracts entered into by the Group under which the contract holder is another insurer (inwards reinsurance) are included with insurance contracts. Reinsurance assets consist of short-term balances due from reinsurers, as well as long term receivables that are dependent on the expected claims and benefits arising under the related reinsured insurance contracts. Amounts recoverable from or due to reinsurers are measured consistently with the amounts associated with the reinsured insurance contracts and in compliance with the terms of each reinsurance contract. Reinsurance liabilities are primarily premiums payable for reinsurance contracts and are recognised as an expense when due. The Group has the right to set-off re-insurance payables against amount due from re-insurance and brokers in line with the agreed arrangement between both parties.

The Group assesses its reinsurance assets for impairment on a yearly basis. If there is objective evidence that the reinsurance asset is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount of the reinsurance asset to its recoverable amount and recognises that impairment loss in the income statement. The Group gathers the objective evidence that a reinsurance asset is impaired using the same process adopted for financial assets held at amortised cost. The impairment loss is calculated using the incurred loss model for these financial assets.

(a) Receivables and Payables related to insurance contracts

Receivables and payables are recognised when due. These include amounts due to and from agents, brokers and insurance contract holders. If there is objective evidence that the insurance receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount of the insurance receivable accordingly and recognises that impairment loss in the income statement. The Group applied the simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on days overdue.

4.5 PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Other receivables are made up of prepayments and other amounts due from parties which are not directly linked to insurance or investment contracts, prepayments are carried at amortised cost. Other receivables are stated after deductions of amount considered bad or doubtful of recovery. When a debt is deemed not collectible, it is written-off against the related provision or directly to the profit and loss account to the extent not previously provided for. Any subsequent recovery of written-off debts is credited to the profit and loss account. Prepayments are carried at cost less amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

4.6 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

In the separate financial statements of Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc, investments in subsidiaries is accounted for at cost.

4.7 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Properties that are held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both and that are insignificantly occupied by the entities in the consolidated group are classified as investment properties. These properties consist of office and residential buildings. The Group considers the owner-occupied portion as insignificant when it occupies less than 20 percent. In order to determine the percentage of the portions, the Group uses the size of the property measured in square metre.

Recognition of investment properties takes place only when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are associated with the investment property will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. The carrying amount includes the cost of replacing parts of an existing investment property at the time the cost was incurred if the recognition criteria are met and excludes the costs of day-to-day servicing of an investment property. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market condition at the date of the consolidated statement of financial position.

Gains or losses arising from the changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in the consolidated income statement in the year in which they arise. Subsequent expenditure is included in the assets carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred. The fair value of investment property is based on the nature, location and condition of the specific asset.

Rent receivable is recognized in profit or loss and is spread on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Where lease incentive, such as a rent free period are given to a Lessee, the carrying value of the related investment property excludes any amount reported as a separate asset as a result of recognizing rental income on this basis.

4.8 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

(i) Software

Software acquired by the Group is stated at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Expenditure on internally developed software is recognized as an asset when the Group is able to demonstrate its intention and ability to complete the development and use the software in a manner that will generate future economic benefits and can reliably measure the costs to complete the development. Development costs previously expensed cannot be capitalized. The capitalized costs of internally developed software include all costs attributable to developing the software and capitalized borrowing costs and are amortized over its useful life. Subsequent expenditure on software assets is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure is expensed as incurred. Amortization is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the software, from the date that it is available for use since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. The maximum useful life of software is five years. Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if appropriate.

(ii) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the Company acquired at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried as cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses in goodwill are not reversed.

(iii) Amortization of investment in Equity Resort Hotel Limited

The Company's investment in Equity Resort Hotel Limited will be written off over the concession period of 25 years and is tested annually for possible impairment. Profit/(loss) accruing to the Company from the operations of the Hotel will be taken into statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

4.9 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(i) Recognition and measurement

Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Land and building are subsequently carried at revalued amount being the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Revaluations are made with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the end of the reporting period.

All other property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Any increase in assets carrying amount, as a result of revaluation is credited to other comprehensive income and accumulated in Revaluation Surplus within Revaluation reserves in equity. The increase is recognized in profit or loss to the extent that it reverses reduction decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing part of an item of property or equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property and equipment are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is recognized in Profit or Loss and is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets. Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual values are reviewed annually and adjusted when necessary. The average useful lives per class of asset are as follows:

Assets class	Average useful life
Land	-
Buildings	50 years
Office equipment	5 years
Motor Vehicles	5 years
Furniture and fittings	5 years
ICT equipment	5 years
Billboard	5 years

(iv) De-recognition

An item of property and equipment is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset which is calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is included in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognized.

4.10 LEASES

Leases are accounted for in accordance with IFRS 16 and are accounted for in line with the following based on whether the Group is the Lessor or the Lessee:.

(a) When the Group is the Lessee

At the commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset at cost and a lease liability, where applicable, at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The cost of the right-of-use asset comprises the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

After the commencement date, the Group measures the right-of-use asset at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The Group subsequently measures the lease liability by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications. The corresponding lease liabilities, where applicable, are included in other liabilities. The interest element of the lease liabilities is charged to the Income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

(b) When the Group is the Lessor

When assets are leased to a third party under finance lease terms, the present value of the lease income is recognised as a receivable. The difference between the gross receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognised as unearned finance income. Lease income is recognised over the term of the lease using the net investment method (before tax), which reflects a constant periodic rate of return.

4.11 IMPAIRMENT OF NON- FINANCIAL ASSETS

Non-financial assets are subject to impairment tests whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be fully recoverable. Where the carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of value-in-use and fair value less costs to sell, the asset is written down accordingly.

For the purpose of assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the impairment test is carried out on the asset's cash-generating unit, which is the lowest group of assets in which the asset belongs for which there are separately identifiable cash flows. The Company has two cash-generating units for which impairment testing is performed. Impairment charges are included in profit or loss except to the extent they reverse gains previously recognized in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives will be tested for impairment annually, regardless of any indicators an impairment of goodwill will not be reversed.

4.12 STATUTORY DEPOSIT

In pursuant to Section 10(3) of the Insurance Act of Nigeria , 2003, every insurer is expected to deposit at least 10% of its paid up capital with the Central Bank of Nigeria(CBN). The Statutory deposit represents not less than the 10% of the paid up capital of the Company deposited with the Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN). Statutory deposit is measured at cost

4.13 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The fair value of a non-interest bearing liability is its discounted repayment amount. If the due date of the liability is less than one year discounting is omitted.

4.14 BORROWINGS

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalized as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liabilities for at least 12 months after the date of the statement of financial position.

4.15 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

When an asset or liability, financial and non-financial is measured at fair value for recognition or disclosure purposes, the fair value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transactions between market participants at the measurement date and assumes that the transaction will take place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market in the most advantageous market. Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability assuming they act in their economic best interests. For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement is based on its highest and best use. Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value are used maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are classified into three levels using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. Classifications are reviewed at each reporting date and transfers between levels are determined based on a reassessment of the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

For recurring and non-recurring fair value measurements, external valuers may be used when internal expertise is either not available or when the valuation is deemed to be significant. External Valuers are

selected based on market knowledge and reputation. Where there is significant change in fair value of an asset or liability from one period to another, an analysis is undertaken, which includes a verification of the major inputs applied in the latest valuation and a comparison, where applicable with external sources of data.

4.16 INCOME TAX

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax

(i) Current income tax

Income tax payable is calculated on the basis of the applicable tax law in the respective jurisdiction and is recognized as an expense for the period except to the extent that current tax related to items that are charged or credited in other comprehensive income or directly to equity. In these circumstances, current tax is charged or credited to other comprehensive income or to equity.

(ii) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided using liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the date of the consolidated statement of financial position and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

The principal temporary differences arise from depreciation of property, plant and equipment, revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and in relation to acquisitions on the difference between the fair values of the net assets acquired and their tax base.

However, deferred income tax is not recognized for:

- (a) Temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill

(b) Temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss.

(c) Temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognized when it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which these temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities against current tax assets, and they relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

4.17 SHARE CAPITAL AND PREMIUM

Ordinary shares are classified as equity when there is no obligation to transfer cash or other assets. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of equity instruments are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds, net of tax. Share premium accounts for the amount the Company raises in excess of par value.

4.17.1 TREASURY SHARES

Where any member of the Group purchases the Company's equity share capital (treasury shares), the consideration paid, including any directly attributable costs (net of income taxes), is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently sold, reissued or otherwise disposed off, any consideration received is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects.

4.17.2 DIVIDENDS

Dividends on the company's ordinary share are recognized in equity in the period in which they are approved by the company's shareholders. Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the year which the dividend is approved by the company's shareholders.

4.18 CONTINGENCY RESERVE

Contingency reserve is credited at the higher of 3% of total premiums during the year and 20% of net profit per year, until it reaches the higher of the minimum paid up capital or 50% of net premium in accordance with Section 21 (2) of the Insurance Act 2003.

4.19 ASSET REVALUATION RESERVES

When the group's land and building are revalued by independent professional valuer, surpluses arising on the revaluation of these assets are credited to the asset revaluation reserve account. When assets previously revalued are disposed off, any revaluation surplus relating to the disposed assets is transferred to retained earnings.

4.20 RETAINED EARNINGS

This represents the amount available for dividend distribution to the equity shareholders of the Company.

4.21 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the 'functional currency'). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Nigerian Naira (N), which is the Group's presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit or loss.

Foreign exchange gains and losses relating to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the income statement within 'finance income or finance cost'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the income statement within 'Other operating income' or 'Other operating expenses'.

(c) Foreign Operations

The results and financial position of all the subsidiaries (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- i. Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that consolidated statement of financial position.
- ii. Income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions).

All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

The group applies IAS 27- Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements in accounting for acquisitions of non-controlling interests. Under this accounting policy, acquisitions of non-controlling interests are accounted for as transactions with equity holders in their capacity as owners and therefore, no goodwill is recognized as a result of such transactions. The adjustments to non-controlling interests are based on the proportionate amount of the net assets of the subsidiary.

4.22 REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue comprises the fair value for services, net of value-added tax, after eliminating revenue within the Group. Revenue is recognized as follows:

- (a) Rendering services: Revenue arising from asset management and other related services offered by the Group are recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.
- (b) Dividend income: Dividend income for available-for sale equities is recognised when the right to receive payment is established, this is the ex-dividend date for equity securities.
- (c) Rent
Rent revenue from investment properties is recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term. Lease incentives granted are recognised as part of the rental revenue. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the period when earned.
- (d) Other income: Other income is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

Recognition and Measurement of Insurance Contracts

5 Key types of insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held

The Group issues Non-life insurance contracts to individual and businesses. The insurance contracts are accounted for in accordance with IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts. The Non-life insurance products offered include Bond, Oil & Gas, Engineering, Motor, Aviation, Marine, Fire and General Accident. These products offer protection of policyholder's assets and indemnification of other parties that have suffered damage as a result of a policyholder's accident.

The Group accounts for these contracts applying the Premium Allocation Approach (PAA)

The Group also holds reinsurance contracts to mitigate risk exposure. The reinsurance contracts comprises of facultative (excess of individual loss) reinsurance policies and quota share reinsurance contracts accounted for applying PAA.

5.1 Definitions and classifications

Products sold by the Group are classified as insurance contracts when the Group accepts significant insurance risk from a policyholder by agreeing to compensate the policyholder if a specified future event adversely affects the

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025

policyholder. This assessment is made on a contract-by-contract basis at the contract issue date. In making this assessment, the Group considers all its substantive rights and obligations, whether they arise from contract, law or regulation. The Group determines whether a contract contains significant insurance risk by assessing if an insured event could cause the Group to pay to the policyholder additional amount that are significant in any single scenario with commercial substance even if the insured event is extremely unlikely or the expected present value of the contingent cash flows is a small proportion of the expected present value of the remaining cash flows from the insurance contract.

5.2 Combining a set or series of contracts

Sometimes, the Group enters into two or more contracts at the same time with the same or related counterparties to achieve an overall commercial effect. The Group accounts for such a set of contracts as a single insurance contract when this reflects the substance of the contracts. When making this assessment, the Group considers whether the rights and obligations are different when looked at together compared to when looked at individually. The Group is unable to measure one contract without considering the other.

5.3 Separating components from insurance and reinsurance contracts

The Group assesses its insurance and reinsurance products to determine whether they contain components which must be accounted for under another IFRS rather than IFRS 17. After separation, an entity must apply IFRS 17 to all remaining components of the (host) insurance contract. Currently, the Group does not have products that require separations (distinct components).

5.4 Recognition

The Group recognizes groups of insurance contracts issued from the date when the first payment from policyholder in the group becomes due. As Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc adheres to the statutory no premium no cover, the date premium is received from the policyholder will always be earlier or on the same date as the coverage period. This premium receipt date would then be used to separate the groups of insurance contracts into yearly cohorts. The contract groupings shall not be reassessed until they are derecognized.

5.5 Contract Boundaries

The Group includes in the measurement of a group of insurance contracts all the future cash flows within the boundary of each contract in the group. Cash flows are within the boundary of an insurance contract if they arise from substantive rights and obligations that exist during the reporting period in which the Group can compel the policyholder to pay the premiums, or in which the Group has a substantive obligation to provide the policyholder with insurance contract services. A substantive obligation to provide insurance contract services ends when:

- * The Group has the practical ability to reassess the risks of the particular policyholder and, as a result, can set a price or level of benefits that fully reflects those risks OR
- * Both of the following criteria are satisfied
- * The Group has the practical ability to reassess the risks of the particular policyholder and, as a result, can set a price or level of benefits that fully reflects the risk of that portfolio
- * The pricing of the premiums up to the date when the risks are reassessed does not take into account the risks that relate to periods after the reassessment date.

A liability or asset relating to expected premiums or claims outside the boundary of the insurance contract are not recognized. Such amounts relate to future insurance contracts.

5.6 Discount Rate

The Group measures the time value of money using discount rates that reflect the liquidity characteristics of the insurance contracts and the characteristics of the cash flows, consistent with observable current market prices.

In determining discount rates for cash flows, the Group uses the bottom-up approach to estimate discount rates starting from a risk-free rate with similar characteristics. Risk free rates are determined by reference to the yields of highly liquid FGN Bonds.

Risk adjustment for non-financial risk

The Group measures the compensation it would require for bearing the uncertainty about the amount and timing of cash flows arising from insurance contracts, other than financial risk, separately as an adjustment for non-financial risk.

For the purpose of 2023 AFS IFRS 17 closing valuation of Insurance Assets and Liabilities, the Group uses the quantile techniques approach in estimating the risk adjustment for non-financial risk. For future valuation, the Group intend to continue to use the quantile techniques approach in estimating our risk adjustment. As a non-life insurance company, most of our insurance policies expired within a twelve months calendar year.

6 Premium Allocation Approach

This is a simplification of the general model. The Group applies the PAA to the measurement of non-life insurance contracts with a coverage period of each contract in the group of one year or less.

Contracts with coverage period above one year which are not immediately eligible for the PAA, will be subjected to a PAA eligibility by assessing the expected LRC cashflows under both the PAA and General Model approaches. However, there is no material difference in the measurement of the liability for remaining coverage between PAA and the Genral Model, therefore, these qualify for PAA.

On initial recognition, the Group measures the carrying amount of the Liability for remaining coverage for insurance contracts held as the premiums received - Gross Written Premium. At subsequent measurement, the LRC is effectively the unearned premium reserve (UPR) under IFRS 4 less the deferred acquisition costs (DAC). Unlike IFRS 4, DAC will not be presented as an asset under IFRS 17. It is instead reflected in the overall insurance contract liability for remaining coverage, without being identified as a seperate component in the Statement of Financial Position.

7 Premium Experience Adjustment

Where premium experience adjustments relate to current/past service and are treated at the end of the period, this will be immediately recognized in the P&L as insurance revenue.

Insurance acquisition cash flows

IFRS 17 defines insurance acquisition cash flows as cash flows arising from the costs of selling, underwriting and starting a group of insurance contracts that are directly attributable to the portfolio of insurance contracts to which the group belongs. These include direct and indirect costs incurred in originating insurance contracts, including cashflows related to unsuccessful efforts to obtain new business.

Under the PAA, an entity can choose to immediately expense insurance acquisition cash flows in the P&L, when incurred if and only if each insurance contract in a group has a coverage period of one year or less.

8 Onerous contracts

The Group considers an insurance contract to be onerous if the expected fulfilment cash flows allocated to the contract, any previously recognized acquisition cash flows and any cash flows arising from the contract at the date of initial recognition in total result in a net cash outflow.

On initial recognition, the onerous assessment is done on an individual contract level assessing future expected cash flows on a probability-weighted basis including a risk adjustment for non-financial risk. Contracts expected on initial recognition to be loss-making are group together and such groups are measured and presented seperately. once contracts are allocated to a group, they are not re-allocated to another group, unless they are substantively modified.

On initial recognition, the CSM of the group of onerous contracts is nil and the group's measurement consists entirely of fulfilment cash flows. A net outflow expected from a group of contracts determined to be onerous is considered to be the group's loss component. It is initially calculated when the group is first considered to be onerous and is recognized at that date in profit or loss. The amount of the group's loss component is tracked for the purposes of presentation and subsequent measurement.

After the loss component is recognized, the Group allocates any subsequent changes in fulfilment cash flows of the LRC on a systematic basis between the loss component and the LRC excluding the loss component. For groups of onerous contracts, without direct participating features, the Group uses locked - in discount rates. They are determined at initial recognition to calculate the changes in the estimate of future cash flows relating to future service.

For all issued contracts, other than those accounted for applying the PAA, the subsequent changes in the fulfilment cash flows of the LRC to be allocated are :

- * Changes in risk adjustment for non-financial risk recognized in profit or loss representing release from risk in the period
- * Estimates of the present value of future cash flows for claims and expenses related from the LRC because of incurred insurance service expenses in the period.

For contracts that are measured under PAA, the assumption is that there are no onerous contracts at initial recognition, unless facts and circumstances indicate otherwise. If the measurement of the LIC result in a loss-making group, this does not translate to the LRC being onerous. In this case, the group will be assessed as to whether its LRC will be similar to the incurred experience and hence considered to be onerous.

If facts and circumstances indicate that a group of contracts is onerous during the coverage period, the onerous liability is calculated as the difference between :

- * the carrying amount of the liability for remaining coverage, and
- * the FCF that relates to remaining coverage similar to what is needed under the GMM

This difference is recognized as a loss and shall increase the liability for remaining coverage.

9 Measurement of Reinsurance Contracts Issued

9.1 Recognition

Proportional reinsurance contracts held will be first recognized on the later of the beginning of the coverage period of the reinsurance contract or the date that the first underlying insurance contract in the treaty is initially recognized.

For example, if we enter a surplus engineering reinsurance contract on 1 January, 2022 and the first engineering insurance policy in the treaty is written in February 2022, then the date of recognition of the surplus reinsurance contract will be February 2022. Though the contract agreement is in place in January, cashflows on the contract do not start until February.

Non-Proportionate reinsurance for example M&D, Fac and Liability Pool reinsurance coverage will be recognized at the beginning of the coverage period of the contract.

9.2 Reinsurance contracts held measured under PAA

All reinsurance contracts with contract boundaries not exceeding one year are automatically considered to meet PAA eligibility. Most of the Group's Surplus reinsurance contracts are immediately eligible for PAA as they are written on a clean-cut basis. At the end of the period, if there is change in reinsurer, the reinsurer will withdraw from the contract and the reinsurance held portfolio (including outstanding recoveries and ceded portion of unexpired premiums) is transferred to a new reinsurer.

A smaller number of surplus reinsurance contracts and Facultative contracts are written on an underwriting year basis. This basis extends the contract boundary beyond one year as coverage of contracts ceded to the treaty may continue even after the underwriting year has ended

For example, if an insurance contract inception in April 2022 and ceded to the Fire Surplus reinsurance treaty (which inception 1 January, 2022), the contract boundary extends till April 2023 when the insurance contract will expire. So, the contract boundary for the reinsurance contract is beyond one year ie 1 Jan 2022 - 30 April 2023

Where the reinsurance contracts held covers a group of onerous underlying insurance contracts, the Company adjusts the carrying amount of the asset for remaining coverage and recognizes a gain when, in the same period, it reports a loss on initial recognition of an onerous group of underlying insurance contracts or on addition of onerous underlying insurance contracts to a group. The recognition of this gain results in the recognition for the loss recovery component of the asset for the remaining coverage of a group of reinsurance contracts held.

9.3 Modification and Derecognition

The Group derecognizes the original contract and recognizes the modified contract as a new contract. If the terms of insurance contracts are modified and the following conditions are met:

- * If the modified terms were included at contract inception and the Group would have concluded that the modified contract

Is outside of the scope of IFRS 17

- Results in a different insurance contract due to separating components from the host contract
- Results in a substantially different contract boundary
- Would be included in a different group of contracts

- * The original contract was accounted for applying the PAA, but the modified contract no longer meets the PAA eligibility criteria for that approach

If the contract modification meets any of the conditions, the Group performs all assessments applicable at initial recognition, derecognizes the original contract and recognizes the new modified contract as if it was entered for the first time.

If the contract modification does not meet any of the conditions, the Group treats the effect of the modification as changes in the estimates of fulfilment cash flows.

For insurance contracts accounted for applying the PAA, the Company adjusts insurance revenue prospectively from the time of the contract modification.

The Company derecognizes an insurance contract when, and only when the contract is:

- * Extinguished (when the obligation specified in the insurance contract expires or is discharged or cancelled)
- * Modified and the derecognition criteria are met

When the Group derecognizes an insurance contract from within a group of contracts, it

- * Adjusts the fulfilment cash flows allocated to the group to eliminate the present value of the future cash flows and risk adjustment for non-financial risk relating to the rights and obligations that have been derecognized from the group

- * Adjust the CSM of the group for the change in the fulfilment cash flows (unless it relates to the increase or reversal of the loss component)

- * Adjusts the number of coverage units for expected remaining insurance contract services to reflect the coverage units derecognized from the group and recognizes in profit or loss in the period the amount of CSM based on that adjusted number.

When the Group derecognizes an insurance contract due to modification, it derecognizes the original insurance contract and recognizes a new one. The Group adjusts the CSM of the group from which the modified contract has been derecognized for the difference between the change in the carrying amount of the group as a result of adjustment to fulfilment cash flows due to derecognition and the premium the Group would have charged had it entered into a contract with equivalent terms as the new contract at the date of the contract modification, less any additional premium actually charged for the modification.

10 Presentation

The Group has presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position the carrying amount of portfolio of insurance contracts that are assets and those that are liabilities and the portfolio of reinsurance contracts held that are assets and those that are liabilities

11 Insurance Revenue

When applying the PAA, the Group recognizes insurance revenue for the period based on the passage of time by allocating expected premium receipts including premium experience adjustments to each period of service

12 Insurance service expenses

Insurance service expenses arising from a group of insurance contracts issued comprises:

- * Changes in the LIC related to claims and expenses incurred in the period
- * Changes in the LIC related to claims and expenses incurred in prior period (related to past service)
- * Other directly attributable insurance service expenses incurred in the period
- * Amortization of insurance acquisition cash flows, which is recognized at the same amount in insurance service expenses
- * Loss component of onerous groups of contracts initially recognizes in the period
- * Changes in the LRC related to future service that do not adjust the CSM , because they are changes in the loss components of onerous groups of contracts

13 Income or expenses from Reinsurance Contracts Held

The Group presents income or expenses from a group of reinsurance contracts held in profit or loss for the period separately. Income or expenses from reinsurance contracts held are split into the following two amounts:

- * Amount recovered from reinsurers
- * An allocation of the premium paid

The Group presents cash flows as a result of claims as part of the amount recovered from reinsurers. Ceding commission emanating from reinsurance ceded are presented as a deduction in the premiums to be paid to the reinsurer which is then allocated to profit or loss

The Group establishes a loss recovery component of the asset for the remaining coverage for a group of reinsurance contracts held. This depicts the recovery of losses recognized on the initial recognition of an onerous group of underlying insurance contracts or on addition of onerous underlying insurance contracts to a group . The loss recovery component adjusts the CSM of the group of reinsurance contracts held. The loss recovery component is then adjusted to reflect:

- * Changes in the fulfilment cash flows of the underlying insurance contracts that relate to future service and do not adjust the CSM of the respective groups to which the underlying insurance contracts belong to.
- * Reversals of loss recovery component to the extent those reversals are not changes in the fulfilment cash flows of the group of reinsurance contracts held
- * Allocations of the loss recovery component against the amounts recovered from reinsurers reported in line with the associated reinsured incurred claims or expenses

When applying the PAA, the Group does not discount the liability for remaining coverage to reflect the time value of money and financial risk for non-life policies with a coverage period of one year or less. For those claims that the Group expects to be paid within one year or less from the date of incurrence, the Group does not adjust future cash flows for time value of money and the effects of financial risks. However, claims expected to take more than one year to settle are discounted applying the discount rate at the time the incurred claims is initially recognized.

14 Contracts existing at transition date

On transition date, 1 January, 2022, the Group:

- * Has identified, recognized and measured each group of insurance contracts as if IFRS 17 had always applied
- * Has identified, recognized and measured assets for insurance acquisition cash flows as if IFRS 17 had always applied.
- * Derecognized any existing balances that would not exist had IFRS 17 always applied

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025

* Recognized any resulting net difference in equity

In determining the appropriate transition approach, the following were considered:

* the coverage period of the in-force policies

* the availability of historical data and assumptions driving measurement and the ability to obtain these without undue cost and effort

15 Full Retrospective approach

On transition to IFRS 17, the Group applied the full retrospective approach.

The Group has applied the full retrospective approach on transition to all non-life short-term business in force at the transition date.

16 IFRS 17 Transition Reconciliation

Please see IFRS 17 Transition Reconciliations on page 54 to 57

17 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

(a) Defined contribution plans

The Group operates a defined contributory pension scheme for eligible employees. Employees contribute 8% and the Group contribute 10% of the qualifying staff's salary in line with the provisions of the Pension Reform Act 2014. The Group pays contributions to pension fund administrator on a mandatory basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefits expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(b) Short-term benefits

Wages, salaries, paid annual leave and sick leave, bonuses and non-monetary benefits are recognised as employee benefit expense and accrued when the associated services are rendered by the employees of the Group.

18 OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

Other expenses are expenses other than claims, investment expenses, employee benefit, expenses for marketing and administration and underwriting expenses. They include rents, professional fee, depreciation expenses and other non-operating expenses. Other operating expenses are accounted for on accrual basis and recognised in the income statement upon utilization of the service or at the date of their origin.

19 INTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSES

Interest income and expenses for all interest bearing financial instruments including financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss, are recognised within investment income and finance cost in the income statement using the effective interest rate method. When a receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income.

20 EARNINGS PER SHARE

The group presents basic earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period excluding treasury shares held by the Group. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

21 SEGMENT REPORTING

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it can earn and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transaction with any of the Group's other components, whose revenues and operating results are reviewed regularly by Executive Management to make decisions about the resources allocated to each segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available. All costs that are directly traceable to the operating segments are allocated to the segment concerned while indirect costs are allocated based on the benefits derived from such costs.

22 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the group or the group has present obligation as a result of past events which is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; or the amount cannot be reliably estimated. Contingent liabilities normally comprise of illegal claims under arbitration or court process in respect of which a liability is not likely to crystallise.

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE, 2025
(IN THOUSAND OF NIGERIAN NAIRA UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

	NOTES	Group Jun-25	Group Dec-24	Company Jun-25	Company Dec-24
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	1	12,398,288	11,875,168	11,905,296	11,639,742
Financial assets					
- At fair value through profit or loss	2.1	144,980	154,036	83,743	75,654
- At fair value through Other Comprehensive Income	2.2	1,337	1,337	1,337	1,337
- At Amortised cost	2.3	1,667,128	1,580,455	1,667,128	1,580,455
Trade receivables	3	1,711,939	1,041,024	800,842	68,318
Reinsurance contract assets	4	3,698,086	2,113,142	3,698,086	2,113,142
Prepayments and other receivables	5	1,243,887	594,483	802,023	485,051
Investment in subsidiaries	6	-	-	677,045	677,045
Investment properties	7	465,000	465,000	390,000	390,000
Intangible assets	8	517,447	539,048	474,690	492,161
Property, plant and equipment	9&10	4,569,019	4,556,548	4,071,149	4,041,320
Right of use asset	11	71,389	80,563		
Statutory deposit	12	315,000	315,000	315,000	315,000
Total assets		26,803,500	23,315,804	24,886,339	21,879,225
Liabilities					
Insurance contract liabilities	13	8,971,819	6,531,610	8,971,819	6,531,610
Trade payables	14	1,179,294	8,503	1,179,294	8,503
Other technical liabilities	15	265,391	819,983	236,258	819,983
Other payables	16	1,464,845	1,509,329	615,396	894,865
Income tax liabilities	17	427,146	542,307	360,606	525,980
Deferred tax	18	256,618	256,618	168,164	168,164
Total liabilities		12,565,113	9,668,349	11,531,537	8,949,105
EQUITY					
Paid up share capital	19	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400
Share premium	20	2,453,326	2,453,326	2,453,326	2,453,326
Bonus issues	24	151,211			
Contingency reserves	21	2,727,381	2,394,226	2,727,381	2,394,226
Revaluation reserves	22	316,789	316,789	316,789	316,789
Fair value reserve	23	(353)	(353)	(353)	(353)
Retained earnings	24	5,437,675	5,330,877	4,952,258	4,860,732
		13,991,430	13,400,265	13,354,802	12,930,121
Non controlling interest	25	246,956	247,189	-	-
Total Equity		14,238,387	13,647,455	13,354,802	12,930,121
Total liabilities and equity		26,803,500	23,315,804	24,886,339	21,879,225

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on July 23, 2025 and signed on its behalf by:



Mr. Samuel Ogbodu
FRC/2013/CIIN/00000002970
Managing Director/CEO



Mr. Olusegun Oginni
FRC/2014/ICAN/00000005733
Chief Financial Officer

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025
(IN THOUSAND OF NIGERIAN NAIRA UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

	NOTES	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Insurance Revenue	27	9,971,331	7,481,003	4,690,248	3,559,368
Insurance Service Expenses	28	(4,858,194)	(3,214,956)	(2,360,020)	(1,653,184)
Net Expenses from Reinsurance Contract	29	(1,776,304)	(987,644)	(850,856)	(681,862)
Insurance service result		3,336,833	3,278,403	1,479,372	1,224,322
Profit from concessionary arrangement		15,488	11,498	17,749	10,624
Net income from non-insurance subsidiaries	32	90,558	78,738	41,239	35,871
Investment income	33	775,653	610,874	384,803	379,619
Net realised gain/(loss) on financial assets		-	-	-	-
Net realised gain/(loss) on FA at Amortized cost		-	-	-	-
Net fair value (loss) on financial assets	34	8,089	6,608	5,766	(15,181)
Other operating income	35	8,013	2,027,093	14,748	612,553
Employee benefit expenses		(805,515)	(627,518)	(433,625)	(339,330)
Impairment loss	36	(16,121)	(20,643)	11,128	31,289
Other operating expenses	37	(1,801,761)	(1,336,868)	(853,734)	(701,576)
Results of operating activities		1,611,237	4,028,185	667,446	1,238,192
Finance costs	38	(1,815)	(3,527)	(399)	(2,566)
Profit/(loss) before tax		1,609,422	4,024,658	667,047	1,235,626
Income tax expense		(437,410)	(565,802)	(249,462)	(229,274)
Profit/(loss) for the period		1,172,012	3,458,856	417,586	1,006,352
Profit attributable to:					
Owners of the parent		1,122,799	3,440,658	387,142	1,000,606
Non-controlling interests		49,213	18,198	30,444	5,746
		1,172,012	3,458,856	417,586	1,006,352
Other comprehensive income:					
<i>Items within OCI that may be reclassified to profit or loss</i>					
Profit/Loss on available for sale financial assets					
<i>Items within OCI that may not be reclassified to profit or loss</i>					
Other comprehensive income for the period		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period		1,172,012	3,458,856	417,586	1,006,352
Attributable to:					
Owners of the parent		1,122,799	3,440,658	387,142	1,000,606
Non-controlling interests		49,213	18,198	30,444	5,746
Total comprehensive income for the period		1,172,012	3,458,856	417,586	1,006,352
Earnings/(loss) per share:					
Basic Earnings/(loss) per share	40	19	59	7	17.2
Diluted Earnings/(loss) per share	40	19	59	7	17.2

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025
(IN THOUSAND OF NIGERIAN NAIRA UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

	NOTES	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Insurance Revenue	41	8,399,837	6,248,935	3,809,578	2,926,521
Insurance Service Expenses	42	(4,001,993)	(2,497,700)	(1,887,062)	(1,279,421)
Net Expenses from Reinsurance Contract	43	(1,776,304)	(987,644)	(850,856)	(681,863)
Insurance service result		2,621,540	2,763,591	1,071,660	965,237
Profit from concessionary arrangement		15,488	11,498	17,749	10,624
Net income from non-insurance subsidiaries	47	-	-	-	-
Investment income	48	753,787	598,749	368,924	371,876
Net realised gain/(loss) on assets		2,616	17,160	1,157	17,160
Net realised gain/(loss) on FA at Amortized cost			-		-
Net fair value (loss) on financial assets	49	8,089	6,608	5,766	(15,181)
Other operating income	50	3,143	1,991,555	13,306	594,152
Employee benefit expenses		(519,115)	(342,348)	(284,848)	(193,740)
Impairment loss	51	(16,122)	(20,643)	11,129	31,289
Other operating expenses	52	(1,505,668)	(1,112,678)	(692,441)	(582,222)
Results of operating activities		1,363,758	3,913,492	512,401	1,199,195
Finance costs	53	-	-	-	-
Profit/(loss) before tax		1,363,758	3,913,492	512,401	1,199,195
Income tax expense		(357,997)	(535,019)	(197,708)	(217,288)
Profit/(loss) for the period		1,005,761	3,378,473	314,693	981,907
Profit attributable to:					
Owners of the parent		1,005,761	3,378,473	314,693	981,907
Non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-
		1,005,761	3,378,473	314,693	981,907
Other comprehensive income:					
<i>Items within OCI that may be reclassified to profit or loss</i>					
Profit/Losses on available for sale financial assets					
<i>Items within OCI that may not be reclassified to profit or loss</i>					
Other comprehensive income for the period		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period		1,005,761	3,378,473	314,693	981,907
Attributable to:					
Owners of the parent		1,005,761	3,378,473	314,693	981,907
Non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period		1,005,761	3,378,473	314,693	981,907
Earnings/(loss) per share:					
Basic Earnings / (loss) per share	54	17	41	5	17
Diluted Earnings/ (loss) per share	54	17	41	5	17

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

Group	Share capital	Share premium	Bonus Issues	Revaluation reserves	Fair value reserve	Contingency reserves	Insurance finance reserve	Retained Earnings	Total	Non-Controlling interest	Total Equity
Balance at 1 January 2025	2,905,400	2,453,326	-	316,789	(353)	2,394,226		5,330,877	13,400,265	247,189	13,647,455
Total Comprehensive income for the period											
Profit/(loss) for the period	-	-		-	-	-		1,122,799	1,122,799	49,213	1,172,012
Transfer to contingency reserves	-	-		-	-	333,155		(333,155)	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income:											
Fair value adjustment	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-		-	-	333,155		789,644	1,122,799	49,213	1,172,012
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity contributions by and distributions to owners											
Dividend Paid	-	-		-	-	-		(581,080)	(581,080)		(581,080)
Bonus Issues			151,211					(151,211)			
Bonus issues to non-controlling interest	-	-		-	-	-		49,446	49,446	(49,446)	-
Total transactions with owners	-	-	151,211	-	-	-		(682,845)	(531,634)	(49,446)	(581,080)
Balance at 30 June, 2025	2,905,400	2,453,326	151,211	316,789	(353)	2,727,381		5,437,676	13,991,430	246,956	14,238,387

Group	Share capital	Share premium	Revaluation reserves	Fair value reserve	Contingency reserves	Insurance finance reserve	Retained Earnings	Total	Non-Controlling interest	Total Equity
Balance at 1 January 2024	2,905,400	2,453,326	63,089	(418)	1,676,934		2,750,216	9,848,547	266,893	10,115,440
Total Comprehensive income for the period										
Profit/(loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	-		3,440,658	3,440,658	18,198	3,458,856
IFRS 17 Opening Transition							-	-	-	-
Transfer to contingency reserves	-	-	-	-	250,075		(250,075)	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income:										
Fair value adjustment	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	250,075		3,190,583	3,440,658	18,198	3,458,856
Prior year adjsutment										
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity										
Dividend Paid	-	-	-	-	-		(97,278)	(97,278)	(13,734)	(111,012)
Transfer from non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Total transactions with owners	-	-	-	-	-		(97,278)	(97,278)	(13,734)	(111,012)
Balance at 30 June, 2024	2,905,400	2,453,326	63,089	(418)	1,927,009		5,843,521	13,191,927	271,357	13,463,284

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

Company	Share capital	Share premium	Fair Value reserves	Revaluation reserves	Contingency reserves	Insurance finance reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance at 1 January 2025	2,905,400	2,453,326	(353)	316,789	2,394,226		4,860,732	12,930,121
Total Comprehensive income for the period								
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-		1,005,761	1,005,761
Transfer to contingency reserves	-	-	-	-	333,155		(333,155)	-
Other comprehensive income:			-				-	-
Fair value adjustment		-		-	-			
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	333,155		672,606	1,005,761
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity								
contributions by and distributions to owners							-	-
Dividend Paid							(581,080)	(581,080)
Increase in share capital and share premium	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Total transactions with owners	-	-	-	-	-		(581,080)	(581,080)
Balance at 30 June, 2025	2,905,400	2,453,326	(353)	316,789	2,727,381		4,952,258	13,354,802
Company	Share capital	Share premium	Fair Value reserves	Revaluation reserves	Contingency reserves	Insurance finance reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance at 1 January 2024	2,905,400	2,453,326	(418)	63,089	1,676,934		2,280,306	9,378,637
Total Comprehensive income for the period								
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-		3,378,473	3,378,473
IFRS 17 Opening Transition								
Transfer to contingency reserves	-	-	-	-	250,075		(250,075)	-
Other comprehensive income:			-				-	-
Fair value adjustment		-	-	-	-		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	250,075		3,128,398	3,378,473
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity								
contributions by and distributions to owners							-	-
Dividend Paid							-	-
Increase in share capital and share premium	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Total transactions with owners	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Balance at 30 June, 2024	2,905,400	2,453,326	(418)	63,089	1,927,009		5,408,704	12,757,110

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025
(IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA)

	NOTES	Group 2025	Group 2024	Company 2025	Company 2024
Premium received from intermediaries-30 days after year end		68,318	40,899	68,318	40,899
Premium received from policy holders at initial recognition		12,605,801	8,992,054	10,975,686	7,759,985
Deposit for premium		236,258	156,090	236,258	156,090
Commission received		(400,577)	616,924	(400,577)	616,924
Receipt from reinsurance recovery		501,324	569,093	501,324	569,093
Claims paid		(2,583,547)	(1,454,407)	(1,909,554)	(828,359)
Commission paid		(1,721,847)	(1,089,210)	(1,539,628)	(1,028,795)
Maintenance cost		(266,676)	(218,591)	(266,687)	(213,810)
Reinsurance premium paid		(3,379,376)	(2,594,586)	(3,379,376)	(2,594,586)
Other operating income		92,735	64,353	90,692	48,075
Exchange gain		(87,608)	1,943,462	(87,608)	1,943,462
Operating costs and payment to employees		(2,397,971)	(2,223,825)	(1,893,423)	(1,597,804)
Tax paid		(494,171)	(118,757)	(465,961)	(46,188)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		2,172,663	4,683,499	1,929,464	4,824,986
Cash flows from investing activities					
Additions to investment in subsidiaries		-	-	-	-
Additions to Investment properties		-	(518)	-	(518)
Additions to Intangible assets	9	(6,508)	(73,491)	(6,508)	(2,500)
Rental income		25,265	24,347	24,508	19,617
Interest income received		666,513	455,189	654,059	451,481
Proceeds from claims salvages		30,971	13,006	30,971	13,006
Disposal of Financial assets at amortised costs		-	-	-	-
Dividend received		9,818	80,761	2,547	77,487
Proceeds from disposal of Property Plant & Equipment		2,616	-	-	-
Additions to property, plant and equipment	10	(147,155)	(395,413)	(121,279)	(307,073)
Additions to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		-	-	-	-
Addition to Financial assets at amortised costs		(1,667,128)	(102,891)	(1,667,128)	(102,891)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		17,145	-	-	-
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities		(1,068,463)	990	(1,082,830)	148,609
Cash flows from financing activities					
Cost of private placement		-	-	-	-
Payment of lease liability		-	-	-	-
Dividend Paid		(581,080)	(111,012)	(581,080)	-
Net cash outflow from financing activities		(581,080)	(111,012)	(581,080)	-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		523,120	4,573,478	265,554	4,973,595
Cash and cash equivalents brought forward		11,875,168	8,259,010	11,639,742	7,744,591
Cash and cash equivalents carried forward		12,398,288	12,832,488	11,905,296	12,718,186

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

1.0 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following balances with original maturity of less than 90 days.

	Group June 2025	Group Dec 2024	Company June 2025	Company Dec 2024
Cash in hand	0	-	0	0
Cash at bank	1,394,349	2,455,347	1,222,531	2,334,550
Placements with financial institutions	11,087,075	9,486,847	10,765,766	9,372,083
	12,481,424	11,942,194	11,988,297	11,706,633
Less: Impairment on placements	(83,136)	(67,026)	(83,001)	(66,890)
	12,398,288	11,875,168	11,905,296	11,639,742

Deposits with banks earned interest at floating rates based on the daily rates. Cash and deposits are available for use in the company's day-to-day operations.

Cash and bank overdrafts include the following for the purposes of the cash flow statement:

Cash at bank and in hand	12,398,288	11,875,168	11,905,296	11,639,742
Bank overdraft	-	-	-	-
	12,398,288	11,875,168	11,905,296	11,639,742

2.0 FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Group's financial assets are summarized below by measurement category in the table below:

2.1 - At fair value through profit or loss	June 2025	Dec 2024	June 2025	Dec 2024
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Quoted shares	144,980	154,036	83,743	75,654

2.1a Details of fair value through profit or loss

Opening balance	154,036	131,983	75,654	59,902
Purchases during the period	-	-	-	-
Disposal during the period	(17,145)	-	-	-
Net fair value gain/(loss)	8,089	22,053	8,089	15,752
Closing balance	144,980	154,036	83,743	75,654

2.1b Realised gain/(loss) from disposal of Fair value through profit or loss financial assets

Fair value of consideration received	-	-	-	-
less: fair value of financial assets sold	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-

2.2 - At fair value through other comprehensive income	June 2025	Dec 2024	June 2025	Dec 2024
Trustbond mortgage bank	1,337	1,337	1,337	1,337
	1,337	1,337	1,337	1,337
Fair value as at January 1	1,337	1,272	1,337	1,272
Fair value gain	-	65	-	65
	1,337	1,337	1,337	1,337

2.3 - Held at Amortised cost	June 2025	Dec 2024	June 2025	Dec 2024
FGN Treasury bills	1,667,139	1,580,455	1,667,139	1,580,455
FGN Bonds	-	-	-	-
CBN Special bills	-	-	-	-
	1,667,139	1,580,455	1,667,139	1,580,455
Less: impairment	(11)	-	(11)	-
	1,667,128	1,580,455	1,667,128	1,580,455

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

3.0 TRADE RECEIVABLES

	Group June 2025	Group Dec 2024	Company June 2025	Company Dec 2024
Insurance premium receivables from intermediaries(see below	800,842	68,318	800,842	68,318
Other trade receivables	993,236	1,051,998	-	-
Less: Provision for impairment:	(82,139)	(79,292)		
Balance as at 31 Mar, 2025 (IFRS 17)	1,711,939	1,041,024	800,842	68,318

Trade Receivables

These represent receivables from Agents and Brokers for the period

3.1 The make up of the trade receivables are as follows:

	Group June 2025	Group Dec 2024	Company June 2025	Company Dec 2024
Brokers	1,711,939	1,041,024	800,842	68,318
Coinsurance	-	-	-	-
Agents	-	-	-	-
Total	1,711,939	1,041,024	800,842	68,318

4.0 REINSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS

	Group June 2025	Group Dec 2024	Company June 2025	Company Dec 2024
Reinsurance Assets for remaining Coverage (ARC)Net of DCI	2,483,659	918,237	2,483,659	918,237
Loss recovery component (LRC)	11,556	11,556	11,556	11,556
Reinsurance Assets for incurred Claims (AIC)	1,202,871	1,183,349	1,202,871	1,183,349
Balance as at 30 Sept, 2024 - IFRS 17	3,698,086	2,113,142	3,698,086	2,113,142

The movement in Reinsurance assets for remaining coverage is as follows:

	June 2025	Dec 2024	June 2025	Dec 2024
Reinsurance assets for remaining coverage (ARC) - Gross	3,074,380	1,222,369	3,074,380	1,222,369
Deferred commission income	(590,721)	(292,576)	(590,721)	(292,576)
Closing balance	2,483,659	929,793	2,483,659	929,793

(i) Reinsurance receivables are to be settled on demand and the carrying amount is not significantly different from the fair value.

(ii) Reinsurance assets are not impaired as balances are set-off against payables from retrocession.

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

Reinsurance contracts

4 RECONCILIATION OF REINSURANCE RECOVERY OF LIABILITY FOR REMAINING COVERAGE AND LIABILITIES FOR INCURRED CLAIMS

	Remaining Coverage Excluding loss recoverig Component	Group 2025 Loss - recovering Component	Incurred Claims	Total
Balance as at Jan - reinsurance contract assets	918,237	11,556	1,183,349	2,113,142
Balance as at Jan - reinsurance contract liabilities	-	-	-	-
Net Balance as at 1 Jan - reinsurance contract liabilities	918,237	11,556	1,183,349	2,113,142
Changes in the Statement of profit or loss and OCI				
Allocation of reinsurance premium paid	(2,697,727)		-	(2,697,727)
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers:				
Recoveries of incurred claims	-		501,324	501,324
Other incurred directly attributable expenses-risk adjustment	-	-	-	-
Commission income earned during the year	400,577	-	-	400,577
Income on initial recoqnition of onerous underlying contracts	-	-	-	-
Recoveries and reversals of recoveries of losses on onerous underlying contracts		-	-	-
Adjustments to assets for incurred claims				
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers:	400,577	-	501,324	901,901
Investment components				
Other pre-recoqnition cash flows derecoqnised and other changes				
Effect of changes in non-preformance risk of reinsurers				
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(2,297,150)	-	501,324	(1,795,826)
Net finance income from reinsurance contracts	-	-	-	-
Effect of movements in exchange rates	-	-	-	-
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(2,297,150)	-	501,324	(1,795,826)
Cash flows				
Reinsurance Premium paid (New contracts)	2,285,881	-	-	2,285,881
Commission and fees received at initial recognition	400,577	-	-	400,577
Claims and risk adjustment recovered from reinsurance	-	-	19,522	19,522
Total cash flows	2,686,458	-	19,522	2,705,980
Non-Cash flow items				
Reinsurance premium payable (new contracts)	1,176,115		(501,324)	674,791
ECL allowance during the year	1,176,115		-	1,176,115
Balance as at 30 June- reinsurance contract assets	2,483,660	11,556	1,202,871	3,698,087
Balance as at 30 June- reinsurance contract liabilites	-	-	-	-
Net Balance as at 30 June - reinsurance contract liabilities	2,483,660	11,556	1,202,871	3,698,087

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

	Remaining Coverage Excluding loss recoverig Component	Company 2025 Loss - recovering Component	Incurred Claims	Total
Balance as at Jan - reinsurance contract assets	918,237	11,556	1,183,349	2,113,142
Balance as at Jan - reinsurance contract liabilities	-	-	-	-
Net Balance as at 1 Jan - reinsurance contract liabilities	918,237	11,556	1,183,349	2,113,142
Changes in the Statement of profit or loss and OCI				
Allocation of reinsurance premium paid	(2,697,727)	-	-	(2,697,727)
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers:				
Recoveries of incurred claims	-	-	501,324	501,324
Other incurred directly attributable expenses-risk adjustment	-	-	-	-
Commission income earned during the year	400,577	-	-	400,577
Income on initial recognition of onerous underlying contracts	-	-	-	-
Recoveries and reversals of recoveries of losses on onerous underlying contracts	-	-	-	-
Adjustments to assets for incurred claims	-	-	-	-
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers:	(2,297,150)	-	501,324	(1,795,826)
Investment components				
Other pre-recognition cash flows derecognised and other changes				
Effect of changes in non-preformance risk of reinsurers				
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(2,297,150)	-	501,324	(1,795,826)
Net finance income from reinsurance contracts	-	-	-	-
Effect of movements in exchange rates	-	-	-	-
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(2,297,150)	-	501,324	(1,795,826)
Cash flows				
Reinsurance Premium paid (New contracts)	2,285,881	-	-	2,285,881
Commission and fees received at initial recognition	400,577	-	-	400,577
Claims and risk adjustment recovered from reinsurance	-	-	19,522	19,522
Total cash flows	2,686,458	-	19,522	2,705,980
Non-Cash flow items				
Reinsurance premium payable (new contracts)	1,176,115		(501,324)	674,791
ECL allowance during the year	1,176,115		-	1,176,115
Balance as at 31 Mar- reinsurance contract assets	2,483,660	11,556	1,202,871	3,698,087
Balance as at 31 Mar- reinsurance contract liabilities	-	-	-	-
Net Balance as at 31 Mar - reinsurance contract liabilities	2,483,660	11,556	1,202,871	3,698,087

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2024
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

Reinsurance contracts

4.1 RECONCILIATION OF ASSET FOR REMAINING COVERAGE AND ASSET FOR INCURRED CLAIMS

	Remaining Coverage Excluding loss recoverig Component	Group 2024 Loss - recovering Component	Incurred Claims	Total
Balance as at Jan - reinsurance contract assets	572,766	11,476	1,082,332	1,666,574
Balance as at Jan - reinsurance contract liabilities	-	-	-	-
Net Balance as at 1 Jan - reinsurance contract liabilities	572,766	11,476	1,082,332	1,666,574
Changes in the Statement of profit or loss and OCI				
Allocation of reinsurance premium paid	(1,557,494)	-	-	(1,557,494)
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers:				
Recoveries of incurred claims	-	-	307,320	307,320
Other incurred directly attributable expenses-risk adjustment	-	-	-	-
Commission income earned during the year	262,530	-	-	262,530
Income on initial recognition of onerous underlying contracts	-	-	-	-
Recoveries and reversals of recoveries of losses on onerous underlying contracts	-	-	-	-
Adjustments to assets for incurred claims	-	-	-	-
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers:	262,530	-	307,320	569,850
Investment components				
Other pre-recognition cash flows derecognised and other changes				
Effect of changes in non-preformance risk of reinsurers				
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(1,294,964)	-	307,320	(987,644)
Net finance income from reinsurance contracts	-	-	-	-
Effect of movements in exchange rates	-	-	-	-
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(1,294,964)	-	307,320	(987,644)
Cash flows				
Reinsurance Premium paid (New contracts)	2,574,881	-	-	2,574,881
Commission and fees received at initial recognition	(616,924)	-	-	(616,924)
Claims and risk adjustment recovered from reinsurance	-	-	(569,093)	(569,093)
Total cash flows	1,957,957	-	(569,093)	1,388,864
Non-Cash flow items				
Reinsurance premium payable (new contracts)	300,876			300,876
ECL allowance during the year	300,876		-	300,876
Balance as at 31 Dec- reinsurance contract assets	1,536,635	11,476	820,559	2,368,670
Balance as at 31 Dec- reinsurance contract liabilities	-	-	-	-
Net Balance as at 31 Dec - reinsurance contract liabilities	1,536,635	11,476	820,559	2,368,670

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2024
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

	Remaining Coverage Excluding loss recoverig Component	Company 2024 Loss - recovering Component	Incurred Claims	Total
Balance as at Jan - reinsurance contract assets	572,766	11,476	1,082,332	1,666,574
Balance as at Jan - reinsurance contract liabilities	-	-	-	-
Net Balance as at 1 Jan - reinsurance contract liabilities	572,766	11,476	1,082,332	1,666,574
Changes in the Statement of profit or loss and OCI				
Allocation of reinsurance premium paid	(1,557,494)	-	-	(1,557,494)
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers:				
Recoveries of incurred claims	-	-	307,320	307,320
Other incurred directly attributable expenses-risk adjustment	-	-	-	-
Commission income earned during the year	262,530	-	-	262,530
Income on initial recognition of onerous underlying contracts	-	-	-	-
Recoveries and reversals of recoveries of losses on onerous underlying contracts		-	-	-
Adjustments to assets for incurred claims				
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers:	262,530	-	307,320	569,850
Investment components				
Other pre-recognition cash flows derecognised and other changes				
Effect of changes in non-preformance risk of reinsurers				
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(1,294,964)	-	307,320	(987,644)
Net finance income from reinsurance contracts	-	-	-	-
Effect of movements in exchange rates	-	-	-	-
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(1,294,964)	-	307,320	(987,644)
Cash flows				
Reinsurance Premium paid (New contracts)	2,574,881	-	-	2,574,881
Commission and fees received at initial recognition	(616,924)	-	-	(616,924)
Claims and risk adjustment recovered from reinsurance	-	-	(569,093)	(569,093)
Total cash flows	1,957,957	-	(569,093)	1,388,864
Non-Cash flow items				
Reinsurance premium payable (new contracts)	300,876			300,876
ECL allowance during the year	300,876		-	300,876
Balance as at 30 June- reinsurance contract assets	1,536,635	11,476	820,559	2,368,670
Balance as at 30 June- reinsurance contract liabilities	-	-	-	-
Net Balance as at 30 June - reinsurance contract liabilities	1,536,635	11,476	820,559	2,368,670

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

5 OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENT	Group	Group	Company	Company
	June 2025	Dec 2024	June 2025	Dec 2024
Other receivables (Note 5.1)	375,449	64,610	361,435	51,652
Due from related companies (Note 5.2)	18,810	21,573	17,965	24,072
Due from Equity Resort hotel (Note 5.3)	470,545	435,020	388,241	352,716
Prepayments - staff	214,398	3,043	3,043	3,043
Prepayments - others	302,087	141,050	168,741	112,832
	1,381,289	665,297	939,425	544,315
Less: Impairment	(137,402)	(70,814)	(137,402)	(59,264)
	1,243,887	594,483	802,023	485,051
Current	910,744	230,277	551,184	191,599
Non-current	470,545	435,020	388,241	352,716
5.1 OTHER RECEIVABLES				
Investment receivables	14,396	14,445	14,396	14,445
Withholding tax receivables	85,566	70,070	80,733	65,047
Sundry receivables	429,166	211,911	419,985	203,975
	529,128	296,426	515,114	283,468
Less: Impairment	(153,679)	(231,816)	(153,679)	(231,816)
	375,449	64,610	361,435	51,652
5.2 DUE FROM RELATED PARTIES				
Equity Micro Life Insurance Company Limited	2,062	2,062	2,062	2,062
Sunu Assurance Limited, Ghana	-	-	-	-
EA Capital Management Limited	9,241	9,207	15,903	15,903
Sunu Assurances vie Cotedivoie	-	-	-	-
Sunu Health Nigeria Limited	7,507	6,187	-	1,990
Equity Assurance Limited, Liberia	-	4,117	-	4,117
	18,810	21,573	17,965	24,072
5.3 DUE FROM EQUITY RESORT HOTEL LIMITED				
	Group	Group	Company	Company
	June 2025	Dec 2024	June 2025	Dec 2024
At 1 January	435,020	378,175	352,716	295,871
Reimbursable expenses incurred	24,037	5,855	24,037	5,855
Repayment during the period	(4,000)	-	(4,000)	-
Profit/(loss) from concessionary arrangement	15,488	50,990	15,488	50,990
Closing balance	470,545	435,020	388,241	352,716
6 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES				
	Group	Group	Company	Company
	June 2025	Dec 2024	June 2025	Dec 2024
EA Capital Management Limited	-	-	278,294	278,294
Sunu Health Nigeria Limited (formerly Managed HealthCare Services Limited (MHS))	-	-	398,751	398,751
	-	-	677,045	677,045

Principal subsidiary undertakings:

The Group is controlled by Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc "the company" (incorporated in Nigeria). The controlling interest of Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc in the Group entities is disclosed in the table below:

Company name	Nature of business	% of equity capital controlled	
		Jun-25	Dec-24
EA Capital Management Limited	Asset management	100	100
Sunu Health Nigeria Limited (formerly Managed HealthCare Services Limited (MHS))	Health management	67.3	67.3

- EA Capital Management Limited was incorporated on October 29, 2008 as a private limited liability company primarily to carry on the business of finance leases to both individual and corporate clients. Its registered office is at Plot 1196 Bishop Oluwole Street, Victoria Island, Lagos, Nigeria.

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (CONT'D)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

- 2 Sunu Health Nigeria Limited formerly Managed HealthCare Services Limited was incorporated on December 11, 1997 to carry on the business of health management. It is a nationally licensed Health Management Organization(HMO), accredited by the National Health Insurance Scheme (NHIS). It has its head office at 174B Murtala Muhammed Way, Adekunle Bus-Stop, Ayodele street Junction, Ebute Metta, Lagos, Nigeria and twelve branches across major cities in Nigeria.

7 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Group June 2025	Group Dec 2024	Company June 2025	Company Dec 2024
Balance at 1 January	465,000	414,592	390,000	355,875
Additions	-	16,800	-	517
Revaluation		33,608	-	33,608
Closing balance	465,000	465,000	390,000	390,000

The investment properties are being held as follows:

Investment properties held by the Company:	390,000	390,000	390,000	390,000
Investment properties held by EA Capital	74,999	74,999	-	-
	465,000	465,000	390,000	390,000

The Investment Properties were independently valued by Timothy Oyeyemi & Partners, with FRC No FRC/2024/COY/013939 on December 29, 2024 to ascertain the open market value using the market comparison approach through analysis of recent transaction of sale of comparable within the neighbourhood.

The report was signed by Oyeyemi Timothy Abiodun, of Timothy Oyeyemi & Partners with FRC NO. FRC/2013/PRO/NIESV/004/00000004761.

8 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Group June 2025	Group Dec 2024	Company June 2025	Company Dec 2024
COST				
Balance at 1 January	1,476,835	1,385,433	1,269,022	1,262,034
Additions	6,508	91,402	6,508	6,988
Write off - EA Capital		0		
Closing balance	1,483,343	1,476,835	1,275,530	1,269,022
ACCUMMULATED AMORTISATION				
Balance at 1 January	937,787	833,605	776,861	729,569
Amortisation charge for the period	67,147	104,182	23,979	47,292
Write off - EA Capital		0		
Closing balance	1,004,934	937,787	800,840	776,861
	-	-		
Carrying value	517,447	539,048	474,690	492,161

The closing net book of the intangible assets comprises the following:

Computer Software	63,824	63,824	21,067	16,937
Leasehold improvements on Equity Resort hotels	453,623	475,224	453,623	475,224

The Parent company was granted a concession right in 2010 by the Ogun state Government to manage the affair of Equity resort hotel, Ijebu-ode for the period of 25 years. The sum of N1.152 billion was spent to refurbish the hotel to enable it meet international standards. This sum above represents the carrying amount at cost of the improvements carried out on the hotel.

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (Contd)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

9 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (GROUP)

	Leasehold Land	Buildings	Office Equipment	Motor Vehicles	Furniture and Fittings	ICT Equipment	Bill Board	Total
COST								
At 1 January 2025	1,383,912	2,697,585	243,394	978,018	99,803	108,262	15,090	5,526,064
Additions	-	-	3,427	124,731	4,983	14,014	-	147,155
Disposals	-	-	(2,715)	(22,234)	-	-	-	(24,949)
At 30 June 2025	1,383,912	2,697,585	244,106	1,080,515	104,786	122,276	15,090	5,648,270
At 1 January 2024	1,199,812	2,508,596	216,916	749,152	91,982	90,559	15,090	4,872,107
Additions	-	-	2,239	385,945	5,049	2,180	-	395,413
Disposals	-	-	-	(138,242)	-	-	-	(138,242)
At 30 June 2024	1,199,812	2,508,596	219,155	996,855	97,031	92,739	15,090	5,129,278
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION								
At 1 January 2025	-	225,700	167,120	427,746	78,954	68,816	11,294	979,630
Re-classification	-	-	-	(13,276)	-	-	-	(13,276)
Charge for the period	-	26,870	10,321	84,380	3,023	5,577	421	130,592
Disposals	-	-	(2,444)	(15,251)	-	-	-	(17,695)
At 30 June 2025	-	252,570	174,997	483,599	81,977	74,393	11,715	1,079,251
At 1 January 2024	-	179,422	149,987	458,178	73,421	61,145	10,325	932,478
Charge for the period	-	23,139	8,210	70,996	3,639	2,736	548	109,268
Disposals	-	-	-	(121,301)	-	-	-	(121,301)
At 30 June 2024	-	202,561	158,197	407,873	77,060	63,881	10,873	920,445
CARRYING VALUE								
At 30 June 2025	1,383,912	2,445,015	69,109	596,916	22,809	47,882	3,375	4,569,019
30 June, 2024	1,199,812	2,306,035	60,958	588,982	19,971	28,858	4,217	4,208,833
At 31 December, 2024	1,199,812	2,655,984	76,627	560,926	20,833	38,570	3,796	4,556,548

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (Contd)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (COMPANY)

	Leasehold Land	Buildings	Office Equipment	Motor Vehicles	Furniture & Fittings	ICT Equipment	Bill Board	Total
COST								
At 1 January 2025	1,199,812	2,436,210	116,581	742,158	69,641	107,578	15,090	4,687,071
Re-classification			(1,747)					(1,747)
Additions	-	-	1,180	102,497	3,588	14,014	-	121,279
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 30 June 2025	1,199,812	2,436,210	116,014	844,655	73,229	121,592	15,090	4,806,603
At 1 January 2024	1,199,812	2,063,121	115,082	492,007	62,146	90,559	15,090	4,037,817
Additions	-	-	204	300,115	1,705	5,049	-	307,073
Disposals	-	-	-	(117,242)	-	-	-	(117,242)
At 30 June 2024	1,199,812	2,063,121	115,286	674,880	63,851	95,608	15,090	4,227,648
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION								
At 1 January 2025	-	167,754	78,904	267,964	51,682	68,166	11,295	645,765
Re-classification			(8,892)					(8,892)
Charge for the period	-	24,362	10,423	70,650	2,399	5,577	421	113,832
Disposals	-	-	-	(15,251)	-	-	-	(15,251)
At 30 June 2025	-	192,116	80,435	323,363	54,081	73,743	11,716	735,454
At 1 January 2024	-	126,492	71,249	320,249	47,253	60,304	10,325	635,872
Additions	-	20,631	3,957	48,146	2,084	3,639	548	79,005
Disposals	-	-	-	(100,301)	-	-	-	(100,301)
At 30 June 2024	-	147,123	75,206	268,094	49,337	63,943	10,873	614,576
CARRYING VALUE								
At 30 June 2025	1,199,812	2,244,094	35,579	521,292	19,148	47,849	3,375	4,071,149
30 June, 2024	1,199,812	1,915,998	40,080	406,786	14,514	31,665	4,217	3,613,072
At 31 December, 2024	1,199,812	2,268,456	37,677	474,194	17,959	39,412	3,796	4,041,320

10.1 Valuation of properties

Land and building held by Sunu Assurances Plc was independently valued by Timothy Oyeyemi & Partners, with FRC No. FRC/2024/COY/013939 on December 29, 2024 to ascertain the open market value of the land and building.

The fair value of land and buildings is determined by discounting the expected cash flows of the properties based upon internal plans and assumptions and comparable market transactions. The work was carried out by Mr. Oyeyemi Timothy Abiodun with FRC No. FRC/2013/PRO/NIESV/004/00000004761.

10.2 Assets pledged as security

None of the Company's property, plant and equipment was pledged as security for facility.

10.3 Capital commitment

The Group had no commitments for capital expenditure as at the statement of financial position date (2024: Nil) and no borrowing costs was capitalised in the current period (2024: Nil)

10.4 There were no impairment losses recognized during the period (2024:Nil).

	Lease Assets	Right of Use Assets	June 2025	Lease Assets	Right of Use Assets	Dec 2024
11 Right of use Asset						
At 1 January, 2025		16,979	16,979		16,979	16,979
Additions	85,830		85,830	85,830		85,830
At 30 June, 2025	85,830	16,979	102,809	85,830	16,979	102,809
Accumulated Depreciation:						
At 1 January, 2025		10,643	22,246		5,943	5,943
Charge for the year		5,989	9,174	10,643	5,660	16,303
At 30 June, 2025		16,632	31,420	10,643	11,603	22,246
Carrying amount						
At 30 June, 2025	69,198	2,191	71,389	75,187	5,376	80,563

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (CONT'D)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

12 STATUTORY DEPOSIT

	Group June 2025	Group Dec 2024	Company June 2025	Company Dec 2024
Closing balance	315,000	315,000	315,000	315,000

This represents deposit with the Central Bank of Nigeria in accordance with Section 10(3) of the Insurance Act CAP I17 LFN 2004

13 NOTES SUPPORTING INSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS DISCLOSURES

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	June 30 2025	June 30 2024	June 30 2025	June 30 2024
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Insurance and reinsurance contract assets/liabilities are as follows:				
Insurance contract assets:				
Insurance contract liabilities (plus DAC)	9,562,538	7,488,674	9,562,538	7,488,674
Reinsurance contract assets (plus DCI)	4,307,749	2,723,064	4,307,749	2,723,064
Net Insurance and reinsurance contract assets/liabilities are as follows:	5,254,789	4,765,610	5,254,789	4,765,610
Insurance contract liabilities (IFRS 17)				
Liabilities for remaining coverage (LRC) - Net of DAC	5,099,007	4,096,974	5,099,007	4,096,974
Liabilities for incurred claims (LIC)	3,872,810	2,953,225	3,872,810	2,953,225
	8,971,817	7,050,199	8,971,817	7,050,199
Liabilities for remaining coverage(LRC)				
Liabilities for remaining coverage (LRC) -gross	5,689,728	4,535,449	5,689,728	4,535,449
Deferred acquisition cost (DAC)	(590,721)	(438,475)	(590,721)	(438,475)
LRC less DAC	5,099,008	4,096,974	5,099,007	4,096,974
Liabilities for remaining coverage (LRC) - Gross				
Balance as at 1st January-Plus LoC	2,393,676	2,010,065	2,393,676	2,010,065
Premium initially recognised on all insurance contracts during year	3,296,052	2,525,384	3,296,052	2,525,384
Liabilities for remaining coverage (LRC) - Gross	5,689,729	4,535,449	5,689,728	4,535,449
Loss Component (LoC)				
Balance as at 1st January IFRS 17	22,852	61,572	22,852	61,572
Remeasurement - increase in loss component during the year	-	-	-	-
Recovery from loss component during the year	-	-	-	-
	22,852	61,572	22,852	61,572

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (CONT'D)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

13 RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITY FOR REMAINING COVERAGE AND LIABILITIES FOR INCURRED CLAIMS

	Group 2025				
	Liabilities for the remaining coverage (LRC)	Loss component	Liabilities for incurred claims (LIC)	Risk Adjustment	Insurance contract liabilities
	Excluding loss component		Estimates of Present value of future cash flows		Total
Balance as at 1 Jan - Insurance contract liabilities	2,370,823	22,852	3,820,088	317,846	6,531,609
Balance as at 1 Jan - Insurance contract assets	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 1 Jan - Net Insurance contract liabilities (A)	2,370,823	22,852	3,820,088	317,846	6,531,609
Insurance revenue	(9,971,331)	-	-	-	(9,971,331)
Insurance service expenses					
Insurance service expenses - Claims incurred and risk adjustment	-	-	1,613,461	-	1,613,461
Insurance service expenses - Acquisition cost amortized during the year	1,713,344	-	-	-	1,713,344
Insurance service expenses - Other underwriting cost expensed during the year	266,676	-	-	-	266,676
Insurance finance expenses	1,980,020	-	1,613,461	-	3,593,481
Insurance service result	(7,991,311)	-	1,613,461	-	(6,377,850)
Insurance finance expenses					
Insurance finance income					
Total amounts recognised in comprehensive income	(7,991,311)	-	1,613,461	-	(6,377,850)
Cash inflow					
Cash inflow - Premium initially recognised during the year	11,879,000	-	-	-	11,879,000
Cash outflows - Acquisition cost initially recognised during the year	(1,713,344)	-	-	-	(1,713,344)
Cash outflows - Other underwriting cost initially recognised during the year	(266,676)	-	-	-	(266,676)
Cash outflows - claims & risk adjustment	-	-	(1,878,583)	-	(1,878,583)
Total cash flows (Net)	9,898,980	-	(1,878,583)	-	8,020,397
Commission payable to intermediaries - Acquisition cost initially recognised during the year	(3,179)	-	-	-	(3,179)
Receivables from intermediaries - Premium initially recognised during the year	800,842	-	-	-	800,842
Impact on equity - initial adoption of IFRS 17	-	-	-	-	-
Impact of receivables & payables on insurance oncontracts	797,663	-	-	-	797,663
Balance as at 30 June - Insurance contract liabilities (B)	5,076,155	22,852	3,554,966	317,846	8,971,819
Balance as at 30 June - Insurance contract assets	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 30 June - Net Insurance contract liabilities	5,076,155	22,852	3,554,966	317,846	8,971,819

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

	Company 2025				
	Liabilities for the remaining coverage (LRC)	Loss component	Liabilities for incurred claims (LIC)	Risk Adjustment	Insurance contract liabilities
	Excluding loss component		Estimates of Present value of future cash flows		Total
Balance as at 1 Jan - Insurance contract liabilities	2,370,823	22,852	3,820,088	317,846	6,531,609
Balance as at 1 Jan - Insurance contract assets	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 1 Jan - Net Insurance contract liabilities (A)	2,370,823	22,852	3,820,088	317,846	6,531,609
Insurance revenue	(8,399,837)	-	-	-	(8,399,837)
Insurance service expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance service expenses - Claims incurred and risk adjustment	-	-	1,613,461	-	1,613,461
Insurance service expenses - Acquisition cost amortized during the year	1,531,125	-	-	-	1,531,125
Insurance service expenses - Other underwriting cost expensed during the year	266,687	-	-	-	266,687
Insurance finance expenses	1,797,812	-	1,613,461	-	3,411,273
Insurance service result	(6,602,025)	-	1,613,461	-	(4,988,564)
Insurance finance expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance finance income	-	-	-	-	-
Total amounts recognised in comprehensive income	(6,602,025)	-	1,613,461	-	(4,988,564)
Cash inflow	-	-	-	-	-
Cash inflow - Premium initially recognised during the year	10,307,506	-	-	-	10,307,506
Cash outflows - Acquisition cost initially recognised during the year	(1,531,125)	-	-	-	(1,531,125)
Cash outflows - Other underwriting cost initially recognised during the year	(266,687)	-	-	-	(266,687)
Cash outflows - claims & risk adjustment	-	-	(1,878,583)	-	(1,878,583)
Total cash flows (Net)	8,509,694	-	(1,878,583)	-	6,631,111
Commission payable to intermediaries - Acquisition cost initially recognised during the year	(3,179)	-	-	-	(3,179)
Receivables from intermediaries - Premium initially recognised during the year	800,842	-	-	-	800,842
Impact on equity - initial adoption of IFRS 17	-	-	-	-	-
Impact of receivables & payables on insurance oncontracts	797,663	-	-	-	797,663
Balance as at 30 June - Insurance contract liabilities (B)	5,076,155	22,852	3,554,966	317,846	8,971,819
Balance as at 30 June - Insurance contract assets	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 30 June - Net Insurance contract liabilities	5,076,155	22,852	3,554,966	317,846	8,971,819

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (CONT'D)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

	Group 2024				
	Liabilities for the remaining coverage (LRC)	Loss component	Liabilities for incurred claims (LIC)	Risk Adjustment	Insurance contract liabilities
	Excluding loss component		Estimates of Present value of future cash flows		Total
Balance as at 1 Jan - Insurance contract liabilities	1,948,494	61,572	2,811,893	138,064	4,960,022
Balance as at 1 Jan - Insurance contract assets	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 1 Jan - Net Insurance contract liabilities (A)	1,948,494	61,572	2,811,893	138,064	4,960,022
Insurance revenue	(7,481,003)	-	-	-	(7,481,003)
Insurance service expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance service expenses - Claims incurred and risk adjustment	-	-	1,470,683	-	1,470,683
Insurance service expenses - Acquisition cost amortized during the year	1,087,208	-	-	-	1,087,208
Insurance service expenses - Other underwriting cost expensed during the year	218,591	-	-	-	218,591
Insurance finance expenses	1,305,799	-	1,470,683	-	2,776,482
Insurance service result	(6,175,204)	-	1,470,683	-	(4,704,521)
Insurance finance expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance finance income	-	-	-	-	-
Total amounts recognised in comprehensive income	(6,175,204)	-	1,470,683	-	(4,704,521)
Cash inflow	-	-	-	-	-
Cash inflow - Premium initially recognised during the year	9,194,812	-	-	-	9,194,812
Cash outflows - Acquisition cost initially recognised during the year	(1,085,351)	-	-	-	(1,085,351)
Cash outflows - Other underwriting cost initially recognised during the year	(218,591)	-	-	-	(218,591)
Cash outflows - claims & risk adjustment	-	-	(1,467,413)	-	(1,467,413)
Total cash flows (Net)	7,890,870	-	(1,467,413)	-	6,423,457
Impact of receivables & payables on insurance contracts	-	-	-	-	-
Commission payable to intermediaries - Acquisition cost initially recognised during the year	(1,857)	-	-	-	(1,857)
Receivables from intermediaries - Premium initially recognised during the year	373,099	-	-	-	373,099
Impact on equity - initial adoption of IFRS 17	-	-	-	-	-
Impact of receivables & payables on insurance onctracts	371,242	-	-	-	371,242
Balance as at 30 June - Insurance contract liabilities (B)	4,035,402	61,572	2,815,163	138,064	7,050,199
Balance as at 30 June - Insurance contract assets	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 30 June - Net Insurance contract liabilities	4,035,402	61,572	2,815,163	138,064	7,050,199

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (CONT'D)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

	Company 2024				
	Liabilities for the remaining coverage (LRC)	Loss component	Liabilities for incurred claims (LIC)	Risk Adjustment	Insurance contract liabilities
	Excluding loss component		Estimates of Present value of future cash flows		Total
Balance as at 1 Jan - Insurance contract liabilities	1,948,494	61,572	2,811,893	138,064	4,960,022
Balance as at 1 Jan - Insurance contract assets	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 1 Jan - Net Insurance contract liabilities (A)	1,948,494	61,572	2,811,893	138,064	4,960,022
Insurance revenue	(6,248,935)	-	-	-	(6,248,935)
Insurance service expenses	-	-	818,623	-	818,623
Insurance service expenses - Claims incurred and risk adjustment	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance service expenses - Acquisition cost amortized during the year	1,026,793	-	-	-	1,026,793
Insurance service expenses - Other underwriting cost expensed during the year	213,810	-	-	-	213,810
Insurance finance expenses	1,240,603	-	818,623	-	2,059,226
Insurance service result	(5,008,332)	-	818,623	-	(4,189,709)
Insurance finance expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance finance income	-	-	-	-	-
Total amounts recognised in comprehensive income	(5,008,332)	-	818,623	-	(4,189,709)
Cash inflow	-	-	-	-	-
Cash inflow - Premium initially recognised during the year	7,962,743	-	-	-	7,962,743
Cash outflows - Acquisition cost initially recognised during the year	(1,024,936)	-	-	-	(1,024,936)
Cash outflows - Other underwriting cost initially recognised during the year	(213,810)	-	-	-	(213,810)
Cash outflows - claims & risk adjustment	-	-	(815,353)	-	(815,353)
Total cash flows (Net)	6,723,997	-	(815,353)	-	5,908,644
Commission payable to intermediaries - Acquisition cost initially recognised during the year	(1,857)	-	-	-	(1,857)
Receivables from intermediaries - Premium initially recognised during the year	373,099	-	-	-	373,099
Impact on equity - initial adoption of IFRS 17	-	-	-	-	-
Impact of receivables & payables on insurance oncontracts	371,242	-	-	-	371,242
Balance as at 30 June - Insurance contract liabilities (B)	4,035,401	61,572	2,815,163	138,064	7,050,199
Balance as at 30 June - Insurance contract assets	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 30 June - Net Insurance contract liabilities	4,035,401	61,572	2,815,163	138,064	7,050,199

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (CONT'D)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

13.2 The movement in liability for incurred claims reported and loss adjustment expenses is as follows

	Group Jun-25	Group Dec-24	Company Jun-25	Company Dec-24
Balance at the beginning of the year	3,291,802	2,215,700	3,291,802	2,215,700
Increase during the year	(41,405)	1,076,102	(41,405)	1,076,102
IFRS 17 Adjustment- Add. Liability for incurred claims				
Balance at the end of the year	3,250,397	3,291,802	3,250,397	3,291,802

14 TRADE PAYABLES

Trade payables represent liabilities to Agents, Brokers and Re-insurers as at year end.

	Group Jun-25	Group Dec-24	Company Jun-25	Company Dec-24
Commission payable	3,179	8,503	3,179	8,503
Reinsurance and coinsurance payable	1,176,115	-	1,176,115	-
	1,179,294	8,503	1,179,294	8,503

14.1 Commission payable

Commission payable represent commission owned Agents and Brokers as at year end.

Balance at the beginning of the year	8,503	3,859	8,503	3,859
Additions during the year	1,992,598	2,290,171	1,992,598	2,290,171
Payment during the year	(1,997,922)	(2,285,527)	(1,997,922)	(2,285,527)
Balance at the end of the year	3,179	8,503	3,179	8,503

14.2 Reinsurance payable

Reinsurance payable represent liabilities to Re-insurers as at year end.

	Group Jun-25	Group Dec-24	Company Jun-25	Company Dec-24
Balance at the beginning of the year	315,232	19,705	315,232	19,705
Additions during the year	4,240,259	4,761,422	4,240,259	4,761,422
Payment during the year	(3,379,376)	(4,465,895)	(3,379,376)	(4,465,895)
Balance at the end of the year	1,176,115	315,232	1,176,115	315,232

15 Other Technical Liabilities

	Group Jun-25	Group Dec-24	Company Jun-25	Company Dec-24
Deposit for premium	265,391	819,983	236,258	819,983
	265,391	819,983	236,258	819,983

16 Other Payables and Accruals

	Jun-25	Dec-24	Jun-25	Dec-24
Due to related parties (Note 16.1)	71,554	37,359	64,026	35,575
Deferred income (Note 16.2)	532,676	237,488	-	-
Deferred charges - Claims	-	-	-	-
Dividend payable	26,491	26,491	26,491	26,491
Withholding tax payable	33,744	36,473	16,383	22,744
Obligation under finance lease	28,275	39,588	-	-
Staff pension & gratuity	2,919	2,919	2,919	2,919
Unclaimed dividend	30,778	30,778	30,778	30,778
Interest received in advance	90,533	156,127	83,652	152,847
Unearned commission	-	0	0	0
Sundry creditors	294,762	505,876	177,000	253,114
Accrued expenses	353,113	436,230	214,147	370,397
	1,464,845	1,509,329	615,396	894,865
Current	932,169	1,271,841	615,396	894,865
Non-current	532,676	237,488	-	-

16.1 DUE TO RELATED PARTIES

EA Capital Management Limited	-	-	1,317	2,055
Equity Assurance Limited, Ghana	4,429	4,736	-	-
Sunu Health Nigeria Limited formerly Managed Healthcare	38,342	3,840	29,496	-
Sunu Group	28,783	28,783	33,213	33,520
	71,554	37,359	64,026	35,575

16.2 This represents unearned income from the businesses of EA Capital Management Limited- N51.130Million (December 31, 2024- N43.009Million) and Sunu Health Nigeria Limited- N481.545Million (December 31, 2024- N194.479Million).

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (CONT'D)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

17 CURRENT INCOME TAX LIABILITIES

The movement in this account during the period was as

	Group Jun-25	Group Dec-24	Company Jun-25	Company Dec-24
Balance as at January 1	542,307	116,328	525,980	74,540
Adjustment	-	-	-	-
WHT tax credit offset	(58,399)	(46,058)	(57,410)	(46,058)
Charge for the period	437,410	594,924	357,997	543,696
Payment during the period	(494,171)	(122,887)	(465,961)	(46,197)
Closing balance	427,146	542,307	360,606	525,980

17.1 The tax charge for the period comprises:

Company income tax

-Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc	357,997	543,696	357,997	543,696
-Sunu Health Nigeria Limited	75,275	44,754	-	-
-EA Capital Management Limited	4,138	6,474	-	-
Underprovision in previous year- Sunu Assurances	0	-	-	-
	437,410	594,924	357,997	543,696
Deferred tax	-	-	-	-
Total tax charge for the Period	437,410	594,924	357,997	543,696

18 DEFERRED TAX

	Group Jun-25	Group Dec-24	Company Jun-25	Company Dec-24
Balance as at January 1	256,618	137,229	168,164	48,775
Charge for the period	-	-	-	-
income statement	-	119,389	-	119,389
other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	256,618	256,618	168,164	168,164

19 SHARE CAPITAL

	Group Jun-25	Group Dec-24	Company Jun-25	Company Dec-24
ISSUED SHARE CAPITAL				
5,810,800,000 ordinary shares of 50k each	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400
Issued and fully paid				
5,810,800,000 ordinary shares of 50k each	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400
The movement in issued and fully paid up share capital is as follows:				
	Group Jun-25	Group Dec-24	Company Jun-25	Company Dec-24
Opening balance	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400
Transfer from retained earnings	-	-	-	-
Transfer from deposit for shares	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400

19.1 BONUS ISSUES

	Group Jun-25	Group Dec-24	Company Jun-25	Company Dec-24
Bonus issues by Sunu Health Nigeria Limited	151,211	-	-	-
	151,211	-	-	-

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (CONT'D)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

	Group June 2025	Group Dec 2024	Company June 2025	Company Dec 2024
20 SHARE PREMIUM				
Opening balance	2,453,326	2,453,326	2,453,326	2,453,326
Transfer from deposit for shares	-	-	-	-
	2,453,326	2,453,326	2,453,326	2,453,326
Private placement costs	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	2,453,326	2,453,326	2,453,326	2,453,326

Share premium comprises additional paid up capital in excess of the par value. The reserve is not ordinarily available for distribution

21 CONTINGENCY RESERVES

In compliance with section 21(1) of Insurance Act 2003, the contingency reserve for general insurance business is credited with the higher of 3% of total premiums during the year or 20% of the profits until it reaches the higher of the minimum paid up share capital or 50% of net premium.

The movement in this account during the period is as follows:

	Group June 2025	Group Dec 2024	Company June 2025	Company Dec 2024
At 1 January	2,394,226	1,676,934	2,394,226	1,676,934
Transfer from retained earnings	333,155	717,292	333,155	717,292
Closing balance	2,727,381	2,394,226	2,727,381	2,394,226
22 ASSETS REVALUATION RESERVES	June 2025	Dec 2024	June 2025	Dec 2024
As at 1 January	316,789	63,089	316,789	63,089
Movement during the period	-	253,700	-	253,700
Closing balance	316,789	316,789	316,789	316,789
23 FAIR VALUE RESERVE	June 2025	Dec 2024	June 2025	Dec 2024
As at 1 January	(353)	(418)	(353)	(418)
Gain on financial assets	-	65	-	65
Closing balance	(353)	(353)	(353)	(353)

This represents gain on financial assets at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income

24 RETAINED EARNINGS

The retained earnings represents the amount available for dividend distribution to the equity shareholders of the Company. The movement in the retained earnings is shown in the statement of changes in equity.

	Group June 2025	Group Dec 2024	Company June 2025	Company Dec 2024
At 1 January	5,330,877	2,750,217	4,860,732	2,280,307
Total Dividend paid	(581,080)	(401,558)	(581,080)	(290,540)
Bonus issues	(151,211)			
Dividend due to non-controlling shares		36,303	-	
Bonus due to non-controlling shares	49,446			
Transfer from Non-controlling interest	-	-	-	
Total comprehensive income for the period	1,122,799	3,663,207	1,005,761	3,588,257
Transfer to contingency reserves	(333,155)	(717,292)	(333,155)	(717,292)
Closing balance	5,437,675	5,330,877	4,952,258	4,860,732
25 NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST IN EQUITY OF SUNU HEALTHCARE NIGERIA LIMI	Group June 2025	Group Dec 2024		
Balance as at 1 January	247,189	266,892		
Dividend received	-	(36,303)		
Bonus issues received	(49,446)			
Transfer to retained earnings due to additional sh	-	-		
Transfer from the profit or loss account	49,213	16,601		
Closing balance	246,956	247,189		

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

INSURANCE RESULT

26 INSURANCE REVENUE

Amounts relating to the changes in the liability
for remaining coverage

	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Insurance Revenue	9,971,331	7,481,003	4,690,248	3,559,368
Gross Direct premium	12,607,948	9,507,656	4,598,493	3,197,961
Inward reinsurance premium	68,714	60,255	36,568	40,434
Total premium	12,676,662	9,567,911	4,635,061	3,238,395
Add: Deferred acquisition cost	590,721	438,475	11,002	(109,669)
Increase in unearned premiums	(3,296,052)	(2,525,383)	44,185	430,642
Insurance Revenue	9,971,331	7,481,003	4,690,248	3,559,368

27 INSURANCE SERVICE EXPENSES

	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Gross claims paid during the year	2,583,547	1,480,419	1,405,368	772,508
Less: Salvages & subrogation	(30,971)	(13,006)	(22,333)	-
Incurred claims and other expenses	2,552,576	1,467,413	1,383,035	772,508
Changes in Outstanding claims	(41,405)	362,150	22,378	283,886
Changes in IBNR	(223,718)	(358,881)	2,238	(1,612)
Changes to liabilities for incurred claims	(265,123)	3,269	24,616	282,274
Incurred claims and other expenses	2,552,576	1,467,413	1,383,035	772,508
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	1,980,020	1,305,799	941,367	708,071
Deferred acquisition cost	590,721	438,475	11,002	(109,669)
Changes to liabilities for incurred claims	(265,123)	3,269	24,616	282,274
Insurance service expenses	4,858,194	3,214,956	2,360,020	1,653,184

28 NET EXPENSE FROM REINSURANCE

CONTRACTS HELD

	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Prepaid reinsurance at the beginning of the year	1,245,024	584,242	-	-
Additions during the year	3,947,918	2,875,757	1,428,059	1,589,398
Total	5,192,942	3,459,999	1,428,059	1,589,398
Prepaid reinsurance at the end of the year	(2,495,215)	(1,891,029)	228,879	(655,459)
Loss Recovery Component	-	(11,476)	11,556	-
	2,697,727	1,557,494	1,668,494	933,939
Less: Commission earned from reinsurance contracts held(Note 30)	(400,577)	(262,530)	(292,078)	(162,651)
Amounts relating to the changes in the assets for remaining coverage	2,297,150	1,294,964	1,376,416	771,288
Mis reinsurance premiums adjustment	-	-	-	-
Allocation of reinsurance premiums	2,297,150	1,294,964	1,376,416	771,288
Amounts recoverable for claims and other expenses incurred in the period	(501,324)	(569,093)	(293,307)	(149,384)
Changes in amounts recoverable arising from changes in liability for incurred claims	(19,522)	261,773	(232,253)	59,958
Increase in reinsurance share of recoverable on claims paid	-	-	-	-
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers	(520,846)	(307,320)	(525,560)	(89,426)
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts held	1,776,304	987,644	850,856	681,862
Recoverable from re-insurances				
Reinsurance share of claims paid during the year	(501,324)	(569,093)	(293,307)	(149,384)
Changes in the Reinsurance share of outstanding claims	(211,341)	52,724	(211,139)	54,507
Changes in Reinsurance share of IBNR	191,819	209,049	(21,114)	5,451
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers	(520,846)	(307,320)	(525,560)	(89,426)

INSURANCE RESULT - Summary

	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Insurance Revenue (Note 27)	9,971,331	7,481,003	4,690,248	3,559,368
Insurance Service Expenses (Note 28)	(4,858,194)	(3,214,956)	(2,360,020)	(1,653,184)
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts held (Note 29)	(1,776,304)	(987,644)	(850,856)	(681,862)
Insurance Service Result	3,336,833	3,278,403	1,479,372	1,224,322

29 COMMISSION INCOME

	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Commission received	400,577	262,530	292,078	162,651
Unearned commission b/f	-	-	-	-
Less: Unearned commission c/f	-	-	-	-
Commission income	400,577	262,530	292,078	162,651

Commission income represents commission received on transactions ceded to reinsurance Companies during the year under review.

30 NET CLAIMS EXPENSES

	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Claims paid during the period	2,583,547	1,480,419	1,405,368	707,911
Less: Salvages & subrogation	(30,971)	(13,006)	(22,333)	(13,006)
Net claims paid	2,552,576	1,467,413	1,383,035	694,905
Changes in Outstanding claims	(41,405)	362,150	22,580	78,264
Changes in IBNR	(223,718)	(358,881)	(210,695)	(357,269)
Total claims and loss adjustment expenses	2,287,453	1,470,682	1,194,920	415,900
Recoverable from re-insurance	(520,846)	(307,320)	(312,829)	(217,894)
Net Claims Expenses	1,766,607	1,163,362	882,091	198,006

31 UNDERWRITING EXPENSES

Underwriting expenses can be sub-divided into acquisition and other underwriting expenses. Acquisition expenses are those incurred in obtaining and renewing insurance contracts. They include commissions or brokerage paid to agents and brokers and indirect expenses. Other underwriting expenses are those incurred in servicing existing policies. These include processing costs, preparation of statistics and reports and other incidental costs attributable to maintenance.

	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Acquisition costs	1,531,125	1,087,208	730,801	612,209
Other underwriting expenses	448,895	218,591	210,566	95,862
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	1,980,020	1,305,799	941,367	708,071

32 NET INCOME FROM NON-INSURANCE COMPANIES

	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
EA Capital Management Limited	10,864	12,083	4,188	6,908
Sunu Health Nigeria Limited	79,693	66,655	37,051	28,963
	90,558	78,738	41,239	35,871

33 INVESTMENT INCOME

	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Cash and cash equivalents interest income	740,570	505,766	362,669	286,752
Dividend income	9,818	80,761	9,818	80,761
Rental income	25,265	24,347	12,316	12,106
	775,653	610,874	384,803	379,619

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
The investment income comprises the following:				
Investment income attributable to shareholders	35,083	105,108	22,134	92,867
Investment income attributable to policyholders	740,570	505,766	362,669	286,752
	775,653	610,874	384,803	379,619

34 NET FAIR VALUE LOSS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS

Net fair value (loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	8,089	6,608	5,766	(15,181)
--	-------	-------	-------	----------

35 OTHER OPERATING INCOME

	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Profit/(loss) from sale of property, plant & equipment	2,616	19,260	1,157	3,118
Bank interest	270	18	249	(1,091)
Exchange gain	(87,608)	1,943,462	(48,243)	586,934
Other income	92,735	64,353	61,585	23,592
	8,013	2,027,093	14,748	612,553

36 IMPAIRMENT LOSS

	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Impairment on trade receivables	-	-	-	-
Impairment loss - on Other receivables	-	-	-	-
Impairment loss - reinsurance receivables	-	-	-	-
Impairment no longer required on Tbills	-	-	-	-
Impairment no longer required on placement	(67,026)	(8,822)	-	-
Impairment on placement	83,136	29,465	(11,002)	(31,289)
Impairment on Tbills	11	-	(126)	-
	16,121	20,643	(11,128)	(31,289)

37 OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Depreciation and amortization charges	209,307	152,259	109,682	91,362
Auditors remuneration	10,205	8,187	5,102	4,093
Directors expenses	56,706	41,466	30,209	20,733
Professional fees	50,534	28,741	30,972	16,324
Bank charges	26,665	12,762	11,319	2,237
Training expenses	14,652	12,177	10,488	8,299
Communication expenses	238,616	153,180	138,207	90,829
Marketing expenses	583,768	476,326	226,053	247,606
Statutory fees	115,922	109,344	40,047	42,720
Repairs and maintenance	108,654	88,025	55,339	42,169
Diesel and electricity	37,767	34,619	14,095	11,660
Rent and rates	14,399	14,524	6,638	6,372
Insurance expenses	16,961	15,434	8,357	6,333
Pension and gratuity	97,913	50,477	49,317	29,287
Printing and stationery	10,041	7,996	3,824	4,885
Travelling and accomodation	153,090	92,586	83,578	55,175
Branding	-	-	-	-
Other administrative expenses	56,561	38,765	30,507	21,491
	1,801,761	1,336,868	853,734	701,576

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

38 FINANCE COSTS

	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Interest on lease rental	1,815	3,527	399	2,566
Exchange difference on Daewoo loan	-	-	-	-
Restructuring fees on Daewoo loan	-	-	-	-
	1,815	3,527	399	2,566

39 EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

(Loss)/earnings per share is calculated by dividing the (loss)/profit attributable to equity holders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Group 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
(Loss)/Profit attributable to the equity	1,122,799	3,440,658	387,142	1,000,606
Total number of ordinary shares of 50k each in issue	5,810,800	5,810,800	5,810,800	5,810,800
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands)	5,810,800	5,810,800	5,810,800	5,810,800
Basic (loss)/earnings per share (kobo per share)	19	59	7	17
Diluted (loss)/earnings per share (kobo per share)	19	59	7	17

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (CONT'D)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

INSURANCE RESULT

40 INSURANCE REVENUE

Amounts relating to the changes in the liability for remaining coverage	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Insurance Revenue	8,399,837	6,248,935	3,809,578	2,926,521
Gross Direct premium	11,036,454	8,275,588	3,717,823	2,567,267
Inward reinsurance premium	68,714	60,255	36,568	40,434
Total premium	11,105,168	8,335,843	3,754,391	2,607,701
Add: Deferred acquisition cost	590,721	438,475	11,002	(109,669)
Increase in unearned premiums	(3,296,052)	(2,525,383)	44,185	428,489
Insurance Revenue	8,399,837	6,248,935	3,809,578	2,926,521

41 INSURANCE SERVICE EXPENSES

	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Gross claims paid during the year	1,909,554	828,359	1,017,738	437,983
Less: Salvages & subrogation	(30,971)	(13,006)	(22,333)	-
Inurred claims and other expenses	1,878,583	815,353	995,405	437,983
Changes in Outstanding claims	(41,405)	362,150	22,378	283,886
Changes in IBNR	(223,718)	(358,881)	2,238	(1,612)
Changes to liabilities for incurred claims	(265,123)	3,269	24,616	282,274
Inurred claims and other expenses	1,878,583	815,353	995,405	437,983
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows(Note 42)	1,797,812	1,240,603	856,039	668,833
Deferred acquisition cost	590,721	438,475	11,002	(109,669)
Changes to liabilities for incurred claims	(265,123)	3,269	24,616	282,274
Insurance service expenses	4,001,993	2,497,700	1,887,062	1,279,421

**42 NET EXPENSE FROM REINSURANCE
CONTRACTS HELD**

	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Prepaid reinsurance at the beginning of the year	1,245,024	584,242	-	-
Additions during the year	3,947,918	2,875,757	1,428,059	1,589,399
Total	5,192,942	3,459,999	1,428,059	1,589,399
Prepaid reinsurance at the end of the year	(2,483,659)	(1,891,029)	240,435	(655,459)
Loss Recovery Component	(11,556)	(11,476)	-	-
	2,697,727	1,557,494	1,668,494	933,940
Less: Commission earned from reinsurance contracts held(Note 42)	(400,577)	(262,530)	(292,078)	(162,651)
Amounts relating to the changes in the assets for remaining coverage	2,297,150	1,294,964	1,376,416	771,289
Mis reinsurance premiums adjustment	-	-	-	-
Allocation of reinsurance premiums	2,297,150	1,294,964	1,376,416	771,289
Amounts recoverable for claims and other expenses incurred in	(501,324)	(569,093)	(293,307)	(149,384)
Changes in amounts recoverable arising from changes in liabilities	(19,522)	261,773	(232,253)	59,958
Increase in reinsurance share of recoverable on claims paid	-	-	-	-
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers	(520,846)	(307,320)	(525,560)	(89,426)
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts held	1,776,304	987,644	850,856	681,863
Recoverable from re-insurances				
Reinsurance share of claims paid during the year	(501,324)	(569,093)	(293,307)	(149,384)
Changes in the Reinsurance share of outstanding claims	(211,341)	52,724	(211,139)	54,507
Changes in Reinsurance share of IBNR	191,819	209,049	(21,114)	5,451
Increase in reinsurance share of recoverable on claims paid	-	-	-	-
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers	(520,846)	(307,320)	(525,560)	(89,426)

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (CONT'D)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

INSURANCE RESULT - Summary				
	Company	Company	Company	Company
	6 Months ended	6 Months ended	3 Months ended	3 Months ended
	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024
Insurance Revenue (Note 41)	8,399,837	6,248,935	3,809,578	2,926,521
Insurance Service Expenses (Note 42)	(4,001,993)	(2,497,700)	(1,887,062)	(1,279,421)
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts held (Note 43)	(1,776,304)	(987,644)	(850,856)	(681,863)
Insurance Service Result	2,621,540	2,763,591	1,071,660	965,237
43 COMMISSION INCOME				
	Company	Company	Company	Company
	6 Months ended	6 Months ended	3 Months ended	3 Months ended
	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024
Commission received	400,577	262,530	292,078	99,879
Unearned commission b/f	-	-	-	-
Less: Unearned commission c/f	-	-	-	-
Commission income	400,577	262,530	292,078	99,879
Commission income represents commission received on transactions ceded to reinsurance Companies during the year under review.				
44 NET CLAIMS EXPENSES				
	Company	Company	Company	Company
	6 Months ended	6 Months ended	3 Months ended	3 Months ended
	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024
Claims paid during the period	1,909,554	828,359	1,017,738	437,983
Less: Subrogation and salvages	(30,971)	(13,006)	(22,333)	-
Net claims paid	1,878,583	815,353	995,405	437,983
Changings in Outstanding claims	(41,405)	362,150	22,580	283,886
Changing in IBNR	(223,718)	(358,881)	(210,695)	(1,612)
Total claims and loss adjustment expenses	1,613,460	818,622	807,290	720,257
Recoverable from re-insurance	(520,846)	(307,320)	(312,829)	(89,426)
	-	-	-	-
Net Claims Expenses	1,092,614	511,302	494,461	630,831
45 UNDERWRITING EXPENSES				
Underwriting expenses can be sub-divided into acquisition and other underwriting expenses. Acquisition expenses are those incurred in obtaining and renewing insurance contracts. They include commissions or brokerage paid to agents and brokers and indirect expenses. Other underwriting expenses are those incurred in servicing existing policies. These include processing costs, preparation of statistics and reports and other incidental costs attributable to maintenance.				
	Company	Company	Company	Company
	6 Months ended	6 Months ended	3 Months ended	3 Months ended
	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024
Acquisition costs	1,531,125	1,026,793	909,082	551,794
Other underwriting expenses	266,687	213,810	152,062	117,039
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	1,797,812	1,240,603	1,061,144	668,833
46 NET INCOME FROM NON-INSURANCE COMPANIES				
	Company	Company	Company	Company
	6 Months ended	6 Months ended	3 Months ended	3 Months ended
	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024
EA Capital Management Limited	-	-	-	-
Sunu Health Limited	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
47 INVESTMENT INCOME				
	Company	Company	Company	Company
	6 Months ended	6 Months ended	3 Months ended	3 Months ended
	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024
Cash and cash equivalents interest income	726,732	501,645	354,286	284,415
Dividend income	2,547	77,487	2,547	77,487
Rental income	24,508	19,617	12,091	9,974
	753,787	598,749	368,924	371,876

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (CONT'D)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
The investment income comprises the following:				
Investment income attributable to shareholders	27,055	97,104	14,638	87,461
Investment income attributable to policyholders	726,732	501,645	354,286	284,415
	<u>753,787</u>	<u>598,749</u>	<u>368,924</u>	<u>371,876</u>

48 NET FAIR VALUE LOSS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS

Net fair value (loss) on financial assets at fair	8,089	6,608	5,766	(15,181)
---	-------	-------	-------	----------

49 OTHER OPERATING INCOME

	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Profit/(loss) from sale of property, plant & equipm	-	-	-	(16,142)
Bank interest	59	18	38	11
Exchange gain	(87,608)	1,943,462	(48,243)	586,934
Other income	90,692	48,075	61,511	23,349
	<u>3,143</u>	<u>1,991,555</u>	<u>13,306</u>	<u>594,152</u>

50 IMPAIRMENT LOSS

	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Impairment on Other receivables	-	-	-	-
Impairment no longer required on Tbills	-	-	-	-
Impairment no longer required on placement	(66,890)	(8,657)	-	-
Impairment on placement	83,001	29,300	(11,002)	(31,289)
Impairment on Tbills	11	-	(127)	-
	<u>16,122</u>	<u>20,643</u>	<u>(11,129)</u>	<u>(31,289)</u>

51 OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Depreciation and amortization charges	131,362	102,452	69,155	59,726
Auditors remuneration	6,405	5,337	3,202	2,668
Directors expenses	40,931	23,316	21,247	11,658
Professional fees	39,067	14,671	23,472	10,447
Bank charges	23,514	10,394	9,232	1,011
Training expenses	9,669	7,930	7,076	6,067
Communication expenses	229,035	143,073	131,575	86,427
Marketing expenses	546,931	463,901	205,359	239,927
Statutory fees	115,756	97,221	39,896	36,696
Repairs and maintenance	67,013	50,090	32,811	24,212
Diesel and electricity	26,797	18,984	7,738	3,293
Rent and rates	12,907	11,997	5,591	5,175
Insurance expenses	16,961	11,759	8,357	6,333
Pension and gratuity	42,890	28,842	21,596	16,667
Printing and stationery	1,813	2,075	1,331	815
Travelling and accomodation	144,925	88,116	78,354	52,896
Branding	-	-	-	-
Other administrative expenses	49,692	32,520	26,449	18,204
	<u>1,505,668</u>	<u>1,112,678</u>	<u>692,441</u>	<u>582,222</u>

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (CONT'D)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

52 FINANCE COSTS

	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
Interest on Daewoo loan	-	-	-	-
Exchange difference on Daewoo loan	-	-	-	-
Restructuring fees on Daewoo loan	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-

53 EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

(Loss)/earnings per share is calculated by dividing the (loss)/profit attributable to equity holders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 6 Months ended June 30, 2024	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2025	Company 3 Months ended June 30, 2024
(Loss)/Profit attributable to the equity holders	1,005,761	3,378,473	314,693	981,907
Total number of ordinary shares of 50k each in issue	5,810,800	5,810,800	5,810,800	5,810,800
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in	5,810,800	5,810,800	5,810,800	5,810,800
Basic (loss)/earnings per share (kobo per share)	17.3	41.2	5.4	16.9
Diluted (loss)/earnings per share (kobo per share)	17.3	41.2	5.4	16.9

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (Cont'd)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

1 Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 Balances as as 1, January 2022 - Group

Effect of transition to IFRS

1st January, 2022

	NOTES	December 2021	Reclassificatio n IFRS 17	Remeasure ments IFRS	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents		3,108,858	-	-	3,108,858
Financial assets					
- At fair value through profit or loss		98,437	-	-	98,437
- At fair value through Other Comprehensive Income		1,483	-	-	1,483
- At Amortized Cost		209,071	-	-	209,071
Trade receivables		530,496	-	-	530,496
Insurance contract assets		-	-	-	-
Reinsurance assets		1,730,084	(1,730,084)	-	-
Reinsurance contract assets	1.1 & 1.2	-	1,671,576	(71,786)	1,599,790
Deferred acquisition costs		224,803	(224,803)	-	-
Prepayments and other receivables		698,421	-	-	698,421
Investment in subsidiaries		-	-	-	-
Investment properties		403,491	-	-	403,491
Intangible assets		654,740	-	-	654,740
Property, plant and equipment		3,930,933	-	-	3,930,933
Statutory deposit		315,000	-	-	315,000
Total assets		11,905,817	(283,311)	(71,786)	11,550,720
Liabilities					
Insurance contract liabilities	1.3 & 1.4	3,460,109	(224,803)	93	3,235,399
Trade payables		163,682	-	-	163,682
Other payables		723,559	(58,508)	-	665,051
Income tax liabilities		110,054	-	-	110,054
Deferred tax		119,790	-	-	119,790
		-	-	-	-
Total liabilities		4,577,194	(283,311)	93	4,293,976
EQUITY					
Paid up share capital		2,905,400	-	-	2,905,400
Share premium		2,453,326	-	-	2,453,326
Contingency reserves		1,258,875	-	-	1,258,875
Revaluation reserves		63,089	-	-	63,089
Fair value reserve		(282)	-	-	(282)
Retained earnings		385,485		(48,374)	337,111
Shareholders funds		7,065,893	-	(48,374)	7,017,519
Non controlling interest		262,730	-	(23,504)	239,226
Total equity		7,328,623	-	(71,878)	7,256,745
Total liabilities and equity		11,905,817	(283,311)	(71,786)	11,550,720

Trade Receivables

These represent receivables from Agents and Brokers at transition year end.

NOTE TO:

Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 (Statement of Financial Position) - Explanatory Notes support Reconciliation) - Group

1st January, 2022

	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassificatio n IFRS 17	Remeasure ment IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan- 22
1 Reinsurance assets				
Reinsurance contract assets-Opening balance	1,730,084	(1,730,084)	-	-
Remeasurement		-	-	-
Closing balance	1,730,084	(1,730,084)	-	-

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (Cont'd)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

1 Deferred acquisition costs

Deferred acquisition costs - Opening balance	224,803	(224,803)	-	-
Remeasurement	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	224,803	(224,803)	-	-

December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification n IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
224,803	(224,803)	-	-
-	-	-	-
224,803	(224,803)	-	-

1 Reinsurance contract assets

Opening balance - ARC reclassified IFRS 4	-	500,121	500,121
Opening balance - AIC reclassified IFRS 4		1,229,963	1,229,963
Deferred commission income reclassified - ARC		(58,508)	(58,508)
AIC - IBNR derecognised		-	(9,136)
AIC - risk adjustment recognised			44,260
AIC- experience adjustment to incurred claims		-	(106,909)
Recovery on LoC - loss on onerous contract		-	-
Closing balance - IFRS 17	-	1,671,576	1,599,791

December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification n IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
-	500,121		500,121
	1,229,963		1,229,963
	(58,508)		(58,508)
	-	(9,136)	(9,136)
		44,260	44,260
	-	(106,909)	(106,909)
		-	-
-	1,671,576	(71,785)	1,599,791

1 Insurance contract liabilities

Opening balance - LRC	1,217,055		1,168,999
Opening balance - LIC	2,243,054		2,243,054
Opening balance - LoC			-
Deferred acquisition cost - reclassified to LRC		(224,803)	(215,137)
Remeasurements:			-
LIC - IBNR derecognised			(15,915)
LIC - risk adjustment recognised			54,397
LIC- experience adjustment to incurred claims			-
LoC - loss on onerous contract			-
Closing balance - IFRS 17	3,460,109	(224,803)	3,235,398

December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification n IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
1,217,055		(48,056)	1,168,999
2,243,054			2,243,054
			-
	(224,803)	9,666	(215,137)
			-
		(15,915)	(15,915)
		54,397	54,397
			-
			-
3,460,109	(224,803)	93	3,235,398

2 Other payables

Other payables - Opening balance	723,559	(58,508)	0	665,051
Remeasurements				
Closing balance	723,559	(58,508)	-	665,051

December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification n IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
723,559	(58,508)	0	665,051
723,559	(58,508)	-	665,051

Retained earnings

Retained earning - opening balance (IFRS 17)	361,447		361,447
Total Dividend paid	(42,439)		(42,439)
Dividend due to non-controlling shares	13,878		13,878
Transfer to contingency reserves (Note 26)	(146,134)		(146,134)
Profit for the year	198,733		198,733
IFRS 17 impact - reinsurance contract assets	-	(71,786)	(71,786)
IFRS 17 impact - insurance contract liabilities	-	(93)	(93)
IFRS 17 impact - transfer to NCI	-	23,505	23,505
Closing balance - IFRS 17	385,485	(48,374)	337,111

December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification n IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
361,447			361,447
(42,439)			(42,439)
13,878			13,878
(146,134)			(146,134)
198,733			198,733
-		(71,786)	(71,786)
-		(93)	(93)
-		23,505	23,505
385,485		(48,374)	337,111

Non-Controlling Interests (NCI) In Equity			
Retained earnings - opening balance (IFRS 17)	241,791		241,791
Dividend received	(13,878)		(13,878)
Transfer from the profit or loss account	34,817		34,817
IFRS 17 impact - transfer from retained earnings	(23,504)	(23,504)	(23,504)
Closing balance - IFRS 17	239,226	(23,504)	239,226
Non-Controlling Interests (NCI)	34,817	(71,878)	(23,504)
	233,550		

December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification n IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
241,791			241,791
(13,878)			(13,878)
34,817			34,817
(23,504)		(23,504)	(23,504)
239,226		(23,504)	239,226
34,817	(71,878)	(23,504)	
233,550			

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (Cont'd)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

2 Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 Balances as as 1, January 2022 - Company
Effect of transition to IFRS

	NOTES	December 2021	Reclassification FRS 17	Remeasurements IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents		2,890,949	-	-	2,890,949
Financial assets					
- At fair value through profit or loss		40,465	-	-	40,465
- At fair value through Other Comprehensive Income		1,483	-	-	1,483
- At Amortized Cost		209,071	-	-	209,071
Trade receivables		5,205	-	-	5,205
Insurance contract assets		-	-	-	-
Reinsurance assets		1,730,084	(1,730,084)	-	-
Reinsurance contract assets	2.1 & 2.	-	1,671,576	(71,786)	1,599,790
Deferred acquisition costs		224,803	(224,803)	-	-
Prepayments and other receivables		443,500	-	-	443,500
Investment in subsidiaries		677,045	-	-	677,045
Investment properties		347,590	-	-	347,590
Intangible assets		617,005	-	-	617,005
Property, plant and equipment		3,429,197	-	-	3,429,197
Statutory deposit		315,000	-	-	315,000
Total assets		10,931,398	(283,311)	(71,786)	10,576,301
Liabilities					
Insurance contract liabilities	2.3 & 2.4	3,460,109	(224,803)	93	3,235,399
Trade payables		163,682	-	-	163,682
Other payables		460,352	(58,508)	-	401,844
Deposit for shares		-	-	-	-
Borrowings		-	-	-	-
Income tax liabilities		76,078	-	-	76,078
Deferred tax		48,851	-	-	48,851
		-	-	-	-
Total liabilities		4,209,072	(283,311)	93	3,925,854
EQUITY					
Paid up share capital		2,905,400	-	-	2,905,400
Share premium		2,453,326	-	-	2,453,326
Contingency reserves		1,258,875	-	-	1,258,875
Revaluation reserves		63,089	-	-	63,089
Fair value reserve		(282)	-	-	(282)
Retained earnings		41,919		(71,878)	(29,959)
Shareholders funds		6,722,327	-	(71,878)	6,650,449
Non controlling interest		-	-	-	-
Total equity		6,722,327	-	(71,878)	6,650,449
Total liabilities and equity		10,931,398	(283,311)	(71,786)	10,576,301

Trade Receivables

These represent receivables from Agents and Brokers at transition year end.

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (Cont'd)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

NOTE TO:

Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 (Statement of Financial Position) - Explanatory Notes support Reconciliation) - Company

	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan- 22
1.1 Reinsurance assets				
Reinsurance contract assets-Opening balance	1,730,084	(1,730,084)	-	-
Remeasurement		-	-	-
Closing balance	1,730,084	(1,730,084)	-	-
1.2 Deferred acquisition costs				
Deferred acquisition costs - Opening balance	224,803	(224,803)	-	-
Remeasurement	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	224,803	(224,803)	-	-
1.3 Reinsurance contract assets				
Opening balance - ARC reclassified IFRS 4	-	500,121		500,121
Opening balance - AIC reclassified IFRS 4		1,229,963		1,229,963
Deferred commission income reclassified - ARC		(58,508)		(58,508)
AIC - IBNR derecognised		-	(9,136)	(9,136)
AIC - risk adjustment recognised			44,260	44,260
AIC- experience adjustment to incurred claims		-	(106,909)	(106,909)
Recovery on LoC - loss on onerous contract			-	-
Closing balance - IFRS 17	-	1,671,576	(71,785)	1,599,791
1.4 Insurance contract liabilities				
Opening balance - LRC	1,217,055		(48,056)	1,168,999
Opening balance - LIC	2,243,054			2,243,054
Opening balance - LoC				-
Deferred acquisition cost - reclassified to LRC		(224,803)	9,666	(215,137)
Remeasurements:				-
LIC - IBNR derecognised			(15,915)	(15,915)
LIC - risk adjustment recognised			54,397	54,397
LIC- experience adjustment to incurred claims				-
LoC - loss on onerous contract				-
Closing balance - IFRS 17	3,460,109	(224,803)	93	3,235,398
1.5 Other payables				
Other payables - Opening balance	723,559	(58,508)	0	665,051
Remeasurements				
Closing balance	723,559	(58,508)	-	665,051
1.6 Retained earnings				
Retained earnings - opening balance (IFRS 17)	61,278	-	0	61,278
Total Dividend paid				
Transfer to contingency reserves (Note 26)	(146,134)			(146,134)
Profit for the year	126,775			126,775
IFRS 17 impact - reinsurance contract assets			(71,786)	(71,786)
IFRS 17 impact - insurance contract liabilities			(93)	(93)
Closing balance - IFRS 17	41,919	-	(71,879)	(29,960)

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (Cont'd)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

3 Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 (Statement of Financial Position) - Group

Effect of transition to IFRS

31st December, 2022

	NOTES	December 2022	Reclassificati on IFRS 17	Remeasuram ents IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 31/12/2022
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents		4,506,236	-	-	4,506,236
Financial assets					
- At fair value through profit or loss		89,303	-	-	89,303
- At fair value through Other Comprehensive Income		1,251	-	-	1,251
- At Amortized Cost		-	-	-	-
Trade receivables		852,201			852,201
Insurance contract assets		-		-	-
Reinsurance assets	3.1 & 3.2	1,526,736	(1,526,736)		-
Reinsurance contract assets			1,472,392	(17,461)	1,454,932
Deferred acquisition costs		285,135	(285,135)	-	-
Prepayments and other receivables		543,061	-	-	543,061
Investment in subsidiaries		-	-	-	-
Investment properties		410,870	-	-	410,870
Intangible assets		606,503	-	-	606,503
Property, plant and equipment		3,914,049	-	-	3,914,049
Right of use asset		16,696	-	-	16,696
Statutory deposit		315,000	-	-	315,000
Total assets		13,067,041	(339,479)	(17,461)	12,710,102
Liabilities					
Insurance contract liabilities	3.3 & 3.4	3,997,191	(285,135)	(13,365)	3,698,691
Trade payables		62,720	-	-	62,720
Other payables		1,052,623	(54,344)	-	998,279
Income tax liabilities		113,572	-	-	113,572
Deferred tax		119,714	-	-	119,714
			-	-	-
Total liabilities		5,345,820	(339,479)	(13,365)	4,992,976
EQUITY					
Paid up share capital		2,905,400	-	-	2,905,400
Share premium		2,453,326	-	-	2,453,326
Contingency reserves		1,432,092	-	-	1,432,092
Revaluation reserves		63,089	-	-	63,089
Fair value reserve		(439)	-	-	(439)
Retained earnings		588,041	-	(2,757)	585,284
		7,441,509	-	(2,757)	7,438,752
Non controlling interest		279,712	-	(1,339)	278,373
Total equity		7,721,221	-	(4,096)	7,717,125
Total liabilities and equity		13,067,041	(339,479)	(17,461)	12,710,102

Trade Receivables

These represent receivables from Agents and Brokers at transition year end.

NOTE TO:

Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 (Statement of Financial Position) - Explanatory Notes support Reconciliation) - Group

31st December, 2022

	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassificati on IFRS 17	Remeasuram ent IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1- Jan-22
3 Reinsurance assets				
Reinsurance contract assets-Opening balance	1,526,736	(1,526,736)	-	-
Remeasurement		-	-	-
Closing balance	1,526,736	(1,526,736)	-	-

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (Cont'd)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassificati on IFRS 17	Remeasur em ent IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1- Jan-22
3 Deferred acquisition costs				
Deferred acquisition costs - Opening balance	285,135	(285,135)	-	-
Remeasurement	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	285,135	(285,135)	-	-
	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassificati on IFRS 17	Remeasur em ent IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1- Jan-22
3 Reinsurance contract assets				
Opening balance - ARC reclassified IFRS 4	-	592,870		592,870
Opening balance - AIC reclassified IFRS 4		933,867		933,867
Deferred commission income reclassified - ARC		(54,344)		(54,344)
AIC - IBNR derecognised		-	(66,484)	(66,484)
AIC - risk adjustment recognised			9,124	9,124
AIC- experience adjustment to incurred claims		-	39,335	39,335
Recovery on LoC - loss on onerous contract			564	564
Closing balance - IFRS 17	-	1,472,393	(17,461)	1,454,932
	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassificati on IFRS 17	Remeasur em ent IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1- Jan-22
3 Insurance contract liabilities				
Opening balance - LRC	1,617,336		-	1,617,336
Opening balance - LIC	2,379,855			2,379,855
Opening balance - LoC				-
Deferred acquisition cost - reclassified to LRC		(285,135)	-	(285,135)
Remeasurements:				-
LIC - IBNR derecognised			(235,164)	(235,164)
LIC - risk adjustment recognised			56,347	56,347
LIC- experience adjustment to incurred claims			160,724	160,724
LoC - loss on onerous contract			4,728	4,728
Closing balance - IFRS 17	3,997,191	(285,135)	(13,364)	3,698,691
	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassificati on IFRS 17	Remeasur em ent IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1- Jan-22
4 Other payables				
Other payables - Opening balance	1,052,623	(54,344)	0	998,279
Remeasurements				
Closing balance	1,052,623	(54,344)	-	998,279
	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassificati on IFRS 17	Remeasur em ent IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1- Jan-22
4 Retained earnings				
Retained earning - opening balance (IFRS 17)	385,485		(48,374)	337,111
Total Dividend paid	(84,879)			(84,879)
Dividend due to non-controlling shares	27,755			27,755
Transfer to contingency reserves (Note 26)	(173,217)			(173,217)
Profit for the year	432,897		-	432,897
IFRS 17 impact - reinsurance contract assets			54,324	54,324
IFRS 17 impact - insurance contract liabilities			13,458	13,458
IFRS 17 impact - transfer to NCI			(22,165)	(22,165)
Closing balance - IFRS 17	588,041		(2,757)	585,284
	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassificati on IFRS 17	Remeasur em ent IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1- Jan-22
4 Non-Controlling Interests (NCI) In Equity				
Retained earnings - opening balance (IFRS 17)	262,730		(23,504)	239,226
Dividend received	(27,755)			(27,755)
Transfer from the profit or loss account	44,737			44,737
IFRS 17 impact - transfer from retained earnings			22,165	22,165
Closing balance - IFRS 17	279,712		(1,339)	278,373
Non-Controlling Interests (NCI)	44,737	(4,096)	(1,339)	
	477,634			

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (Cont'd)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

4 Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 (Statement of Financial Position) - Company
Effect of transition to IFRS

	NOTES	December 2022	Reclassificatio n IFRS 17	Remeasurements IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 31/12/2022
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents		3,732,292	-	-	3,732,292
Financial assets					
- At fair value through profit or loss		35,933	-	-	35,933
- At fair value through Other Comprehensive Income		1,251	-	-	1,251
- At Amortized Cost		-	-	-	-
Trade receivables		64,769			64,769
Insurance contract assets		0		-	-
Reinsurance assets		1,526,736	(1,526,736)		
Reinsurance contract assets	4.1 & 4.2		1,472,392	(17,461)	1,454,932
Deferred acquisition costs		285,135	(285,135)	-	-
Prepayments and other receivables		431,577	-	-	431,577
Investment in subsidiaries		677,045	-	-	677,045
Investment properties		354,969	-	-	354,969
Intangible assets		579,740	-	-	579,740
Property, plant and equipment		3,418,692	-	-	3,418,692
Statutory deposit		315,000	-	-	315,000
Total assets		11,423,140	(339,479)	(17,461)	11,066,201
Liabilities					
Insurance contract liabilities	4.3 & 4.4	3,997,191	(285,135)	(13,365)	3,698,691
Trade payables		62,720	-	-	62,720
Other payables		207,681	(54,344)	-	153,337
Income tax liabilities		54,572	-	-	54,572
Deferred tax		48,775	-	-	48,775
			-	-	
Total liabilities		4,370,939	(339,479)	(13,365)	4,018,095
EQUITY					
Paid up share capital		2,905,400	-	-	2,905,400
Share premium		2,453,326	-	-	2,453,326
Contingency reserves		1,432,092	-	-	1,432,092
Revaluation reserves		63,089	-	-	63,089
Fair value reserve		(439)	-	-	(439)
Retained earnings		198,733	-	(4,095)	194,638
		7,052,201	-	(4,095)	7,048,106
Non controlling interest		-	-	-	-
Total equity		7,052,201	-	(4,095)	7,048,106
Total liabilities and equity		11,423,140	(339,479)	(17,461)	11,066,201

Trade Receivables

These represent receivables from Agents and Brokers at transition year end.

NOTE TO:

Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 (Statement of Financial Position) - Explanatory Notes support Reconciliation) - Company

	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassificatio n IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
4 Reinsurance assets				
Reinsurance contract assets-Opening balance	1,526,736	(1,526,736)	-	-
Remeasurement		-	-	-
Closing balance	1,526,736	(1,526,736)	-	-

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (Cont'd)
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification n IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
4 Deferred acquisition costs				
Deferred acquisition costs - Opening balance	285,135	(285,135)	-	-
Remeasurement	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	285,135	(285,135)	-	-
	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification n IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
4 Reinsurance contract assets				
Opening balance - ARC reclassified IFRS 4	-	592,870		592,870
Opening balance - AIC reclassified IFRS 4		933,867		933,867
Deferred commission income reclassified - ARC		(54,344)		(54,344)
AIC - IBNR derecognised		-	(66,484)	(66,484)
AIC - risk adjustment recognised			9,124	9,124
AIC- experience adjustment to incurred claims		-	39,335	39,335
Recovery on LoC - loss on onerous contract			564	564
Closing balance - IFRS 17	-	1,472,393	(17,461)	1,454,932
	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification n IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
4 Insurance contract liabilities				
Opening balance - LRC	1,617,336		-	1,617,336
Opening balance - LIC	2,379,855			2,379,855
Opening balance - LoC				-
Deferred acquisition cost - reclassified to LRC		(285,135)	-	(285,135)
Remeasurements:				-
LIC - IBNR derecognised			(235,164)	(235,164)
LIC - risk adjustment recognised			56,347	56,347
LIC- experience adjustment to incurred claims			160,724	160,724
LoC - loss on onerous contract			4,728	4,728
Closing balance - IFRS 17	3,997,191	(285,135)	(13,364)	3,698,691
	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification n IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
5 Other payables				
Other payables - Opening balance	1,052,623	(54,344)	0	998,279
Remeasurements				
Closing balance	1,052,623	(54,344)	-	998,279
	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification n IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
5 Retained earnings				
Retained earnings - opening balance (IFRS 17)	41,919	-	(71,878)	(29,959)
Total Dividend paid				
Transfer to contingency reserves (Note 26)	(173,217)			(173,217)
Profit for the year	330,031			330,031
IFRS 17 impact - reinsurance contract assets			54,324	54,324
IFRS 17 impact - insurance contract liabilities			13,458	13,458
Closing balance - IFRS 17	198,733	-	(4,096)	194,637